

IMPORTANT: IF YOU ARE IN ANY DOUBT ABOUT THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR PROFESSIONAL ADVISER.

FundRock Partners Limited, the authorised corporate director of the Company, is the person responsible for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of its knowledge and belief (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained herein does not contain any untrue or misleading statement or omit any matters required by The Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook to be included in it. FundRock Partners Limited accepts responsibility accordingly.

PROSPECTUS

OF

FP WHEB Asset Management Funds

**(An open-ended investment company
incorporated with limited liability and
registered in England and Wales
under registered number IC000748)**

(A UK UCITS)

This document constitutes the Prospectus for **FP WHEB Asset Management Funds** which has been prepared in accordance with The Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook.

This Prospectus is dated, and is valid, as at **1 April 2022**.

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No person has been authorised by the Company to give any information or to make any representations in connection with the offering of Shares other than those contained in the Prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied on as having been made by the Company. The delivery of this Prospectus (whether or not accompanied by any reports) or the issue of Shares shall not, under any circumstances, create any implication that the affairs of the Company have not changed since the date hereof.

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of Shares in certain jurisdictions may be restricted. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes are required by the Company to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. This Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

Distributors and other intermediaries which offer, recommend or sell shares in the Funds must comply with all laws, regulations and regulatory requirements as may be applicable to them. Also, such Distributors and other intermediaries must consider such information about the Funds and its share classes as is made available by the Authorised Corporate Director for the purposes of the EU's Product Governance regime. Distributors and intermediaries may obtain further information by contacting the ACD.

The Shares have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended. They may not be offered or sold in the United States of America, its territories and possessions, any state of the United States of America and the District of Columbia or offered or sold to US Persons. The Company has not been and will not be registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The ACD has not been registered under the United States Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

Potential investors should not treat the contents of this Prospectus as advice relating to legal, taxation, investment or any other matters and are recommended to consult their own professional advisers concerning the acquisition, holding or disposal of Shares.

The provisions of the Instrument of Incorporation are binding on each of the Shareholders and a copy of the Instrument of Incorporation is available on request.

This Prospectus has been issued for the purpose of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 by FundRock Partners Limited.

The distribution of this Prospectus in certain jurisdictions may require that this Prospectus is translated into the official language of those countries. Should any inconsistency arise between the translated version and the English version, the English version shall prevail.

This Prospectus is based on information, law and practice at the date hereof. The Company cannot be bound by an out of date prospectus when it has issued a new prospectus and

investors should check with FundRock Partners Limited that this is the most recently published prospectus.

International Tax Reporting

In order to fulfil our legal obligations in accordance with the requirements of FATCA and other intergovernmental arrangements such as the OECD Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (CRS) and including pursuant to the International Tax Compliance Regulations 2015, the Company is required to obtain confirmation of the tax residency of Shareholders and certain other information to comply with certain reporting requirements. We may ask for evidence of the tax identification number, and country and date of birth of individual Shareholders, or for the Global Intermediary Identification number (GIIN) of other Shareholders. If certain conditions apply, information about your shareholding may be passed to HM Revenue & Customs ("HMRC") in order to be passed on to other tax authorities, where the UK has an agreement with that country. Any shareholder that fails to provide the required information may be subject to a compulsory redemption of their Shares and/or monetary penalties.

Data Protection

The way in which we may use personal information of individuals ("personal data") is governed by the "**Data Protection Requirements**" which means all applicable data protection laws and regulations including, without limitation, (a) the General Data Protection Regulation (EU) 2016/679 ("**GDPR**"), (b) UK GDPR (as that term is defined by the Data Protection, Privacy and Electronic Communications (Amendments etc) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019) and the Data Protection Act 2018, and (c) any legislation that supplements or replaces the foregoing in the United Kingdom. The Data Protection Requirements are designed to strengthen data protection for all individuals. Further details on our privacy policy and your rights under the Data Protection Requirements can be found on our website: www.fundrock.com. Changes to our privacy policy will be published on our website.

For the purposes of the Data Protection Requirements, the "data controller" of your personal data is us, FundRock Partners Limited.

Information we collect from you or from other sources and what we do with it:

We will collect and process the following data about you depending on how or why you interact or communicate with us (e.g., filling in an application form, subscribing for or redeeming Shares or when you communicate with us by email, telephone or otherwise):

- (1) Your name and title, address, date of birth, e-mail address and phone number or other contact information; your signature, your tax number or "national insurance number"; your banking details, credit or debit card information or other payment or financial information; information about transactions you make in relation to a

Fund including your holding in a Fund or the reference number in relation to your holding; your personal description and your photograph.

We will use this information to open your account, maintain the Register; process subscriptions, redemptions and exchanges of Shares and payments of dividends; perform controls on excessive trading and market timing; comply with applicable anti-money laundering rules or anti-terrorist financing rules; or comply with our reporting obligations to regulatory bodies or tax authorities as well as our obligations under other applicable laws and regulations, monitor calls and electronic communications to process and verify of instructions, or for investigation and fraud prevention purposes.

The legal basis for this processing of your personal data is our legitimate interests, namely the proper administration of your investment, the operation the Fund by us, our delegates and the service providers in relation to a Fund; the performance of the contractual obligations between you as a Shareholder and us; to provide you with information, products and services that you request from us; to notify you about changes to our services or to a Fund or the Company; and to comply with applicable laws and regulations.

You have the right to refuse to give us your personal data in which case we may at our discretion, and where your refusal necessarily prevents us from completing our checks, diligence or other legal, regulatory or confirmatory matters, refuse to issue Shares to you; refuse to pay the proceeds of a redemption of Shares; refuse to pay income on Shares; or compulsorily redeem your holding.

(2) With regard to each of your visits to our website, we will automatically collect technical information about your computer, including where available your Internet protocol or "IP" address, operating system and browser type and version, time zone setting, operating system and platform; information about your visit, including the full Uniform Resources Locators ("URLs"), clickstream to, through and from our website (including date and time); time on page, page response times, download errors, lengths of visits to certain pages, page interaction information (such as scrolling, clicks and mouse-overs); location, device and demographic information. We will do so for administration purposes and to analyse the use of our website and services.

Our website uses "cookies" to distinguish you from other users of our website (very broadly, the website identifies a user and customises web pages for that user on subsequent visits to the website). This helps us to provide you with a good experience when you browse our website and also allows us to improve our site. For detailed information on the cookies we use and the purposes for which we use them please see our Cookie policy on our website.

The legal basis for this processing is our legitimate interests, namely monitoring and improving our website and services.

We will combine the information that you give us with information that we receive from other sources and use this for the purposes set out above (depending on the types of information we receive).

We may also use your personal data to establish, exercise or defend claims in order to protect or assert our legal rights, your legal rights or the legal rights of others, obtain or maintain insurance coverage, manage risks, or obtain professional advice in order to protect our business.

Disclosure of your information

We may disclose your personal data to any member of our group of companies; our insurers or professional advisers; service providers to the Funds; our service providers, delegates, suppliers, contractors, sub-contractors or business partners and third parties with whom we contract; our auditors, our bank, competent authorities including the FCA, tax authorities, courts and other bodies for reporting or as otherwise required by law; technical advisers or analytics and search engine providers that assist us in the improvement and optimisation of our website; credit reference agencies or other risk management agencies; third parties that provide security, email security, data governance, archiving and other information technology support services; any third party that you ask us to share your personal data with.

We may disclose your personal data to third parties in the event we sell or purchase a business or assets; if we are acquired by a third party; in the event that we propose to retire as Authorised Corporate Director on a Fund, in which case we may disclose your personal data to the intended new Authorised Corporate Director prior to, and at the time of, the transfer in order for the new Authorised Corporate Director and their delegates to make certain preparations; or where we are under a duty to disclose or share your personal data in order to comply with any legal or regulatory obligation; or in order to enforce or apply the terms of use of our website (which can be found on our website) and other agreements; or to protect our rights, property, or safety, or that of our customers, or others. *International transfers of your personal data*

Your personal data may be transferred to the auditor, registrar, transfer agent, administrator, depositary, custodian or investment manager of a Fund or the Company; or to the sponsor, distributor, or third party data providers in relation to a Fund; or to a third party with whom we contract; any of whom may be located in the UK or EEA.

The Data Protection Requirements place restrictions on transferring data outside of the UK or the EEA. Transfers to a third country or to an international organisation may only take place if the data being transferred is subject to an adequate level of protection. If we or our service providers need to share your personal data with a recipient outside the UK or EEA, we will ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place including: model clauses that have been approved by the European Commission or Secretary of State; a code of conduct or other certified mechanisms such as binding contractual rules. Your personal data may be

transferred to third parties that we or our service providers use including certain banks that we or our service providers use or certain companies that provide certain services to our service providers such as the registrar of the Fund. Such third parties include: a company located in India that provides operational support services, a company based in the USA that provides information technology security services, and a company based in the USA (but which has affiliates in multiple locations) that provides customer services software.

Retention and deletion of your personal data

We will not keep your personal data longer than is necessary for the purpose that we process it or for any purpose. We will generally retain your personal data for a minimum of 7 years, or for such period as is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which we are subject, or in order to protect your vital interests or the vital interests of another natural person.

Rights of an individual

As an individual, you have certain rights under the Data Protection Requirements. These include: (a) the right of access (b) the right to rectification (c) the right to erasure (d) the right to restrict processing (e) the right to object to processing (f) the right to data portability (g) the right to complain to a supervisory authority, and (h) the right to withdraw consent. Some of the rights are complex and only apply in specific circumstances. Further details are set out in the privacy policy published on our website.

Our details

You can contact us or our Data Protection Officer regarding the Data Protection Requirements or our privacy policy:

- (a) by post, to Bastion House, 6th floor, 140 London Wall, London, EC2Y 5DN;
- (b) by telephone, on 01268 44 8234 or the contact number published on our website from time to time; or
- (c) by email, to FP_DataProtection@Fundrock.com or the email address published on our website from time to time.

Further information is available on our website.

1. **DEFINITIONS**

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| "ACD" or "FP" | FundRock Partners Limited, the authorised corporate director of the Company; |
| "ACD Agreement" | an agreement dated 26 May 2009 between the Company and the ACD; |
| "Administrator" | SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited, or such other entity as is appointed to act as administrator to the Company from time to time; |
| "Approved Bank" | as defined in the FCA Glossary; |
| "Auditor" | Deloitte LLP, or such other entity as is appointed to act as auditor to the Company from time to time; |
| "Benchmark Regulation" | Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as it applies in the UK from time to time including as retained, amended, extended, re-enacted or otherwise given effect on or after 11 pm on 31 December 2020; |
| "Class" or "Classes" | in relation to Shares, means (according to the context) all of the Shares related to a single Fund or a particular class or classes of Share related to a single Fund; |
| "COLL" | refers to the appropriate chapter or rule in the COLL Sourcebook; |
| "the COLL Sourcebook" | the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook issued by the FCA as amended from time to time; |
| "Company" | FP WHEB Asset Management Funds; |
| "Conversion" | the conversion of shares in one class in a Fund to shares of another class in the same Fund and "Convert" shall be construed accordingly; |
| "Custodian" | Citibank N.A., London Branch or such other entity as is appointed to act as custodian; |

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| “Cut Off Point” | the point prior to which orders to buy, sell, Convert or Switch Shares must be received by the Administrator in order for them to be actioned at the next Valuation Point and details of which are set out for each Fund (if relevant) in APPENDIX I; |
| “Dealing Day” | Monday to Friday (except for (unless the ACD otherwise decides) a bank or public holiday in England and Wales and any other days declared by the ACD to be a non-Dealing Day); |
| “Depositary” | Citibank UK Limited, or such other entity as is appointed to act as depositary of the Company; |
| “Director” or “Directors” | the directors of the Company from time to time (including the ACD); |
| “EEA” | the European Economic Area |
| “EEA State” | a member state of the European Union and any other state which is within the European Economic Area; |
| “Efficient Portfolio Management” or “EPM” | as defined in paragraph 10 of APPENDIX IV; |
| “Eligible Institution” | as defined in the FCA Glossary; |
| “EUWA” | as defined in the FCA Glossary; |
| “FATCA” | means the United States Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act; |
| “the FCA” | means the Financial Services Authority in respect of matters prior to 1 April 2013 and, in respect of matters after that date, the Financial Conduct Authority or any other successor entity from time to time; |
| “the FCA Glossary” | the glossary giving the meanings of the defined expressions used in the FCA Handbook as amended from time to time; |

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| “the FCA Handbook” | the FCA Handbook of Rules and Guidance, as amended from time to time; |
| “FCA PRN” | the FCA’s product reference number for the Company or one of its sub-funds; |
| “Fund” or “Funds” | a sub-fund of the Company (being part of the Scheme Property of the Company which is pooled separately) to which specific assets and liabilities of the Company may be allocated and which is invested in accordance with the investment objective applicable to such sub-fund; |
| “Fund Accountant” | Apex Fund Services (UK) Limited or such other entity as is appointed to act as fund accountant; |
| “Home State” | as defined in the FCA Glossary; |
| “Instrument of Incorporation” | the instrument of incorporation of the Company as amended from time to time; |
| “Investment Manager” | WHEB Asset Management LLP, the investment manager to the ACD in respect of the Company; |
| “ISA” | an individual savings account under The Individual Savings Account Regulations 1998 (as amended); |
| “Net Asset Value” or “NAV” | the value of the Scheme Property of the Company or of any Fund (as the context may require) less the liabilities of the Company (or of the Fund concerned) as calculated in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation; |
| “OECD” | the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; |
| “OEIC Regulations” | the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 as amended or replaced from time to time; |
| “Register” | the register of Shareholders of the Company; |

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| "Registrar" | SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited, or such other entity as is appointed to act as registrar to the Company from time to time; |
| "Regulated Activities Order" | the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (SI 2001/544) as amended from time to time; |
| "Regulations" | the OEIC Regulations and the FCA Handbook (including the COLL Sourcebook); |
| "Scheme Property" | the scheme property of the Company required under the COLL Sourcebook to be given for safekeeping to the Depositary; |
| "SDRT" | stamp duty reserve tax; |
| "Share" or "Shares" | a share or shares in the Company (including larger denomination shares, and smaller denomination shares equivalent to one ten thousandth of a larger denomination share); |
| "Shareholder" | a holder of registered Shares in the Company; |
| "Switch" | the exchange where permissible of Shares of one Class of a Fund for Shares of another Class of a different Fund and "Switching" shall be construed accordingly; |
| "UCITS" | an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities. This will include a UK UCITS, or an EEA UCITS scheme as defined in the FCA Glossary; |
| "UCITS Directive" | the European Parliament and Council Directive of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) (No 2009/65/EC) as it forms part of the laws of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland by virtue of section 3 of the EUWA, and any statutory instruments that the UK government makes to amend deficiencies in retained European Union law by virtue of section 8 of the EUWA |

(as may be amended from time to time) (including, without limitation, the Collective Investment Schemes (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 SI 2019/325 incorporating European directives or other European legislation relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities into UK domestic law following the UK's withdrawal from the European Union);

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| "UCITS Remuneration Code" | the UCITS Remuneration Code as set out in SYSE 19E in the FCA Handbook; |
| "UK" | the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland; |
| "UK UCITS" | as defined in the FCA Glossary; |
| "US Persons" | a person who falls within the definition of "US Person" as defined in rule 902 of regulation S of the United States Securities Act 1933; and |
| "Valuation Point" | the point, whether on a periodic basis or for a particular valuation, at which the ACD carries out a valuation of the Scheme Property for the Company or a Fund (as the case may be) for the purpose of determining the price at which Shares of a Class may be issued, cancelled or redeemed. For details of the Valuation Point of a Fund please see APPENDIX I. |

2. DETAILS OF THE COMPANY

2.1 General

FP WHEB ASSET MANAGEMENT FUNDS (the Company) is an investment company with variable capital incorporated in England and Wales under registered number IC000748 and authorised by the FCA with effect from 22 May 2009. The FCA product reference number for the Company is 498628. The Company has been certified by the FCA as complying with the conditions necessary for it to enjoy the rights conferred by the UCITS Directive. The Company has an unlimited duration.

Shareholders are not liable for the debts of the Company.

The ACD is also the authorised corporate director of certain other open-ended investment companies and authorised fund manager of certain authorised unit trusts details of which are set out in APPENDIX V.

2.2 Head Office

The head office of the Company is at Bastion House, 6th floor, 140 London Wall, London, EC2Y 5DN.

2.3 Address for Service

The Head Office is the address of the place in the UK for service on the Company of notices or other documents required or authorised to be served on it.

2.4 Base Currency

The base currency of the Company and each Fund is Pounds Sterling.

2.5 Share Capital

Maximum £100,000,000,000

Minimum £1

Shares have no par value. The share capital of the Company at all times equals the sum of the Net Asset Values of each of the Funds.

Shares in the Company may be marketed outside the UK in EEA States and in countries outside the European Union and EEA, subject to the Regulations, and any regulatory constraints in those countries, if the ACD so decides.

Each of the Funds of the Company is designed and managed to support longer-term investment and active trading is discouraged. Short-term or excessive trading into and out of a Fund may harm performance by disrupting portfolio management strategies and by increasing expenses. The ACD may at its discretion refuse to

accept applications for Conversion, or Switching of, Shares, especially where transactions are deemed disruptive, particularly from possible market timers or investors who, in its opinion, have a pattern of short-term or excessive trading or whose trading has been or may be disruptive to the Funds. For these purposes, the ACD may consider an investor's trading history in the Funds or other funds managed by ACD and accounts under common ownership or control.

2.6 The Structure of the Company

2.6.1 The Funds

The Company is structured as an umbrella company, in that different Funds may be established from time to time by the ACD with the approval of the FCA. On the introduction of any new Fund or Class, a revised prospectus will be prepared setting out the relevant details of each Fund or Class. Please note that approval by the FCA in this context does not in any way indicate or suggest endorsement or approval of the Funds as an investment.

The Company is a UK UCITS.

The assets of each Fund will be treated as separate from those of every other Fund and will be invested in accordance with the investment objective and investment policy applicable to that Fund. Investment of the assets of each of the Funds must comply with the COLL Sourcebook and the investment objective and policy of the relevant Fund. Details of the Funds, including their investment objectives and policies, are set out in APPENDIX I.

The eligible securities markets and eligible derivatives markets on which the Funds may invest are set out in APPENDIX II. A detailed statement of the general investment and borrowing restrictions in respect of each type of Fund is set out in APPENDIX IV.

Each Fund has a specific portfolio to which that Fund's assets and liabilities are attributable. So far as the Shareholders are concerned, each Fund is treated as a separate entity. A Shareholder is not liable to make any further payment to the Company after he has paid the price on purchase of the Shares.

Investors should note that the Company's Funds are segregated portfolios of assets and, accordingly, the assets of a Fund belong exclusively to that Fund, and shall not be used or made available to discharge directly or indirectly the liabilities of, or claims against, any other person or body, including the Company or any other Fund, and shall not be available for any such purpose.

While the provisions of the OEIC Regulations provide for segregated liability between the Funds, the concept of segregated liability is relatively new and these provisions have yet to be tested in the courts. Accordingly, where claims are brought by local creditors in foreign courts or under foreign law contracts, it is not yet known how those foreign courts will react to the OEIC Regulations. It is therefore not free from doubt that the assets of a Fund will always be "ring-fenced" from the liabilities of other Funds of the Company.

In certain circumstances the Company may sue and be sued in respect of a particular Fund and may exercise rights of set-off in relation to that Fund.

Subject to the above, each Fund will be charged with the liabilities, expenses, costs and charges of the Company attributable to that Fund, and within each Fund charges will be allocated between Classes in accordance with the terms of issue of Shares of those Classes. Any assets, liabilities, expenses, costs or charges not attributable to a particular Fund may be allocated by the ACD in a manner which it believes is fair to the Shareholders generally. This will normally be pro rata to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Funds.

2.6.2 **Shares**

Classes of Shares within the Funds

Shares will be issued in larger and smaller denominations. There are 10,000 smaller denomination Shares to each larger Share. Smaller denomination Shares represent what, in other terms, might be called fractions of a larger Share and have proportionate rights.

Shares have no par value and, within each Class in each Fund subject to their denomination, are entitled to participate equally in the profits arising in respect of, and in the proceeds of, the liquidation of the Company or termination of a relevant Fund. Shares do not carry preferential or pre-emptive rights to acquire further Shares.

Further Classes of Share may be established from time to time by the ACD with the approval of the FCA, the agreement of the Depositary and in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation. On the introduction of any new Fund or Class, either a revised prospectus or a supplemental prospectus will be prepared, setting out the details of each Fund or Class.

The currency of denomination for each new Class of Shares will be determined at the date of creation and set out in the prospectus issued in respect of the new Class of Shares.

The net proceeds from subscriptions to a Fund will be invested in the specific pool of assets constituting that Fund. The Company will maintain for each current Fund, a separate pool of assets each invested for the exclusive benefit of the relevant Fund.

To the extent that any Scheme Property of the Company, or any assets to be received as part of the Scheme Property, or any costs, charges or expenses to be paid out of the Scheme Property, are not attributable to one Fund only, the ACD will allocate such Scheme Property, assets, costs, charges or expenses between Funds in a manner which is fair to all Shareholders of the Company.

Shares in the Company are not currently listed on any investment exchange.

The Share Classes that may be issued and their criteria for subscription in respect of each Fund are set out in APPENDIX I. Details of which of the Share Classes are presently available in each Fund are set out in APPENDIX I.

A Regular Savings Plan is available for certain Funds. Details of the relevant Funds are set out in APPENDIX I.

Shares may be made available as either income or accumulation Shares.

Holders of income Shares are entitled to be paid the distributable income attributed to those Shares on any relevant interim and annual allocation dates.

Holders of accumulation Shares are not entitled to be paid the income attributed to such Shares, but that income is automatically transferred to (and retained as part of) the capital assets of the relevant Fund on the relevant interim and/or annual accounting dates. This is reflected in the price of an accumulation Share.

Where a Fund has different Classes, each Class may attract different charges and so monies may be deducted from the Scheme Property attributable to such Classes in unequal proportions. In these circumstances, the proportionate interests of the Classes within a Fund will be adjusted accordingly.

Shareholders are entitled (subject to certain restrictions) to Convert all or part of their Shares in one Class for Shares of another Class within the same Fund, or Switch all or part of their Shares for Shares within a different Fund of the Company. Details of this Conversion and Switching facility and

any applicable restrictions are set out in paragraph 3.3 "Conversion and Switching".

3. **BUYING, REDEEMING, CONVERTING AND SWITCHING SHARES**

The dealing office of the Administrator is normally open from 9am to 5pm (UK time) on each Dealing Day to receive requests by post or fax on 0870 700 2305 for the purchase, sale, Conversion and Switching of Shares. Additionally, investors can register online at www.myaccount.whebgroup.com to purchase, sell, Convert and Switch shares. The Administrator may vary these times with the consent of the ACD. Requests to deal in Shares may also be made by telephone on 01268 44 8234 each Dealing Day (at the ACD's discretion) between 9am and 5pm (UK time) or through such other number as published from time to time. The initial investment must, at the discretion of the ACD, be accompanied by a completed application form.

In addition, the ACD may from time to time make arrangements to allow Shares to be bought or sold on-line or through other communication media.

Telephone calls and other electronic communications will be recorded and the recordings will be stored for up to 5 years and where requested by the FCA, up to 7 years. The ACD may also, at its discretion, introduce further methods of dealing in Shares in the future. At present, transfer of title by electronic communication is not accepted.

In its dealings in Shares of the Funds the ACD is dealing as principal. The ACD identifies any profits it makes in dealing as principal between 'risk free' and 'at risk' and does not retain any risk free profits arising. The ACD is not accountable to Shareholders for any profit it makes in dealing in Shares as principal.

In respect of some Funds, deals must be received before the relevant Cut Off Point in order to be dealt with at the next Valuation Point. Deals received after the Cut Off Point will be dealt with at the Valuation Point or the next following Dealing Day. For details of the Valuation Point and, where relevant, the Cut Off Point of a Fund, please see APPENDIX I.

3.1 **Buying Shares**

3.1.1 **Procedure**

Shares may be bought directly from the ACD or through a professional adviser or other intermediary. Where permitted by the rules in the FCA Handbook, an intermediary who recommends an investment in the Company to Shareholders may be entitled to receive commission from the ACD, which may include ongoing commission based on the value of Shares held by a Shareholder. For details of dealing charges see paragraph 3.6 below. Application forms may be obtained from the ACD.

Valid applications to purchase Shares in a Fund (received before the Cut Off Point, if appropriate) will be processed at the Share price calculated, based on the Net Asset Value per Share, at the next Valuation Point following receipt of the application, except in the case where dealing in a Fund has been suspended as set out in paragraph 3.13.

The ACD, at its discretion, has the right to cancel a purchase deal if settlement is materially overdue and any loss arising on such cancellation shall be the liability of the applicant. For postal applications payment in full must accompany the instruction. At the ACD's discretion, payment for large purchases of Shares may be made by telegraphic transfer.

A purchase of Shares in writing or by telephone or any other communication media made available is a legally binding contract. Applications to purchase, once made, are, except in the case where cancellation rights are applied, irrevocable. However, subject to its obligations under the Regulations, the ACD has the right to reject, on reasonable grounds relating to the circumstances of the applicant, any application for Shares in whole or part, and in this event the ACD will return any money sent, or the balance of such monies, at the risk of the applicant.

Any subscription monies remaining after a whole number of Shares have been issued will not be returned to the applicant. Instead, smaller denomination Shares will be issued. A smaller denomination Share is equivalent to one ten thousandth of a larger Share.

Applicants who have received advice may have the right to cancel their application to buy Shares at any time during the 14 days after the date on which they receive a cancellation notice from the ACD. If an applicant decides to cancel the contract, and the value of the investment has fallen at the time the ACD receives the completed cancellation notice, they will not receive a full refund as an amount equal to any fall in value will be deducted from the sum originally invested. Investors who invest through the Regular Savings Plan will be entitled to receive back the full amount they invested if they cancel. The ACD may extend cancellation rights to other investors but is under no obligation to do so.

The UK has implemented the Foreign Account Tax Compliant Act (FATCA) and the OECD Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (CRS) pursuant to the International Tax Compliance Regulations 2015. As a result of UK legislation, the Company may be required to obtain confirmation of certain information from shareholders and (where applicable) their beneficial owners, such as where you are resident for tax purposes, your tax identification number, and your place and date of birth, and your tax status classification and place of

incorporation if you are a corporate body. Under certain circumstances (including where you do not supply us with the information we request), we will be obliged to report your personal details as well as the details of your Investment to HM Revenue & Customs. This information may then be passed to other tax authorities. Any shareholder that fails to provide the required information may be subject to a compulsory redemption of their Shares and/or monetary penalties.

The extent to which the Company is able to report to HM Revenue & Customs will depend on each affected Shareholder in the Company, providing the Company or its delegate with any information, that the Company determines is necessary to satisfy such obligations.

By signing the application form to subscribe for Shares in the Company, each affected Shareholder is agreeing to provide such information upon request from the Company or its delegate.

Shareholders are encouraged to consult with their own professional tax advisors regarding the possible implications of FATCA or CRS (or UK law on information reporting) on their interest in the Company.

3.1.2 Documents the buyer will receive

A confirmation giving details of the number and price of Shares bought will be issued no later than the end of the business day following the later of receipt of the application to buy Shares and the Valuation Point by reference to which the price is determined, together with, where appropriate, a notice of the applicant's right to cancel.

Settlement is due within four business days of the Valuation Point. An order for the purchase of Shares will only be deemed to have been accepted by the ACD once it is in receipt of cleared funds for the application. If settlement is not made within a reasonable period, then the ACD has the right to cancel any Shares issued in respect of the application.

Share certificates will not be issued in respect of Shares. Ownership of Shares will be evidenced by an entry on the Register. Statements in respect of periodic distributions on Shares will show the number of Shares held by the recipient.

3.1.3 Regular Savings Plan

The ACD may make available certain Classes of Shares of any Fund through the Regular Savings Plan (details of current Classes of Shares and Funds which are available are shown in APPENDIX I). To invest in this way, Shareholders must complete and return to the Administrator the relevant

plan application form and direct debit form before contributions may begin. Monthly contributions may be increased, decreased (subject to maintaining the minimum level of contribution) or stopped at any time by notifying such party as the ACD may direct. If, however, payments are not made into the Regular Savings Plan for more than ten months and the Shareholder holds less than the minimum holding for that Class, then the ACD reserves the right to redeem that Shareholder's entire holding in that Class. Confirmations will not be issued to Shareholders investing through a Regular Savings Plan, however statements detailing all Share transactions will be sent out to all monthly savers at least on a six monthly basis.

Contributions to the Regular Savings Plan will normally be collected on a monthly basis usually on the tenth of each month (or the next following Dealing Day) with Shares being allocated at the Share price ruling at the next following Valuation Point (subject to any applicable initial charge).

For Shares purchased through the Regular Savings Plan, the minimum monthly investment is stated in APPENDIX I.

3.1.4 Minimum subscriptions and holdings

The minimum initial subscription, subsequent subscription and holding levels for each Class of Share in a Fund are set out in APPENDIX I.

The ACD may at its sole discretion accept subscriptions and/or holdings lower than the minimum amount(s).

If following a redemption, Conversion, Switch or transfer a holding in any Class of Share should fall below the minimum holding for that Class, the ACD has the discretion to effect a redemption of that Shareholder's entire holding in that Class of Share. The ACD may use this discretion at any time. Failure not to do so immediately after such redemption, Conversion, Switch or transfer does not remove this right.

3.2 Redeeming Shares

3.2.1 Procedure

Subject to the minimum holding requirements, every Shareholder is entitled on any Dealing Day to redeem its Shares, which shall be purchased by the ACD dealing as principal.

Valid instructions to the ACD to redeem Shares in a Fund (received before the Cut Off Point, if appropriate) will be processed at the Share price calculated, based on the Net Asset Value per Share, at the next Valuation

Point following receipt of the instruction, except in the case where dealing in a Fund has been suspended as set out in paragraph 3.10.

A redemption instruction in respect of Shares in writing or by telephone or any other communication media made available is a legally binding contract. However, an instruction to the ACD to redeem Shares, although irrevocable, may not be settled by either the Company or the ACD if the redemption represents Shares where the money due on the earlier purchase of those Shares has not yet been received or if insufficient documentation or anti-money laundering information has been received by the ACD.

For details of dealing charges see paragraph 3.6 below.

3.2.2 Documents a redeeming Shareholder will receive

A confirmation giving details of the number and price of Shares redeemed will be sent to the redeeming Shareholder (or the first named Shareholder, in the case of joint Shareholders) together with (if sufficient written instructions have not already been given) a form of renunciation for completion and execution by the Shareholder (or, in the case of a joint holding, by all the joint Shareholders) no later than the end of the business day following the later of the request to redeem Shares or the Valuation Point by reference to which the price is determined.

Payment of redemption proceeds will normally be made by cheque to the first named Shareholder (at their risk), or, at the ACD's discretion, via bank transfer in accordance with any instruction received (the ACD may recover any bank charge levied on such transfers). Instructions to make payments to third parties (other than intermediaries associated with the redemption) will not normally be accepted.

Such payment will be made within four business days of the later of (a) receipt by the ACD of the form of renunciation (or other sufficient written instructions) duly signed and completed by all the relevant Shareholders together with any other documentation and appropriate evidence of title, any required anti-money laundering related documentation, and (b) the Valuation Point following receipt by the ACD of the request to redeem.

3.2.3 Minimum redemption

Part of a Shareholder's holding may be redeemed but the ACD reserves the right to refuse a redemption request if the value of the Shares of any Fund to be redeemed is less than the minimum stated in respect of the appropriate Class in the Fund in question (see APPENDIX I).

3.2.4 Regular Withdrawal Facility

The ACD offers a regular withdrawal facility. For further details please contact the Administrator, FundRock Partners Limited – WHEB Asset Management, PO Box 10449, Chelmsford CM99 2UU.

3.2.4 Client money

Where client money is held by the ACD in relation to a Shareholder's redemption of Shares, no interest shall be payable to the Shareholder in relation that client money balance.

3.3 Conversion and Switching

Subject to any restrictions on the eligibility of investors for a particular Share Class, a Shareholder in a Fund may at any time:

- 3.3.1 Convert all or some of his Shares in one Class in a Fund for another Class of Shares in the same Fund; or
- 3.3.2 Switch all or some of his Shares in one Class in a Fund for Shares in another Fund.

It is not possible, however, to Switch or Convert between currency Classes or to Switch or Convert from a Sterling Class to a currency Class as the ACD is not able to effect currency exchange transactions. Shareholders who wish to change their investment (or part of their investment) into another currency Share Class will need to redeem their holding (this can only be done by Telegraphic Transfer into a bank account designated in the appropriate currency) and then re-subscribe into the new Share Class. If the new Share Class is a non-Sterling Class, this subscription will need to be made by Telegraphic Transfer from a bank account in the appropriate currency or via an automated bank transfer and must be received by the ACD in the relevant currency as the ACD is not able to carry out currency conversion transactions.

In circumstances where the ACD determines it may be in the best interests of Shareholders, a mandatory conversion of Shares to another Share Class in the same sub-fund may put into effect. In this scenario the ACD will discuss the conversion options with the Depositary beforehand and provide any affected Shareholders with sufficient pre-notification in line with the guidelines set out in the COLL Sourcebook.

3.4 Conversions

Conversions will be effected by the ACD recording the change of Share Class on the Register of the Company.

If a Shareholder wishes to Convert Shares he should apply to the ACD in the same manner as for a sale as set out below.

Conversions may not be effected at the next Valuation Point and may be held over and processed with Conversion instructions given by other Shareholders. If you would like information on when your Conversion will be processed, please contact the ACD on 01268 44 8234.

Conversions of Shares from one Class in a Fund for Shares of another Class in the same Fund (where no other consideration is given or received) will generally not be treated as a disposal for capital gains tax purposes provided the property subject to the scheme and the rights of participants to share in the capital and income in relation to that property are the same immediately before and after the event (ignoring any changes as a result of a variation in management charges). Other conversions of Shares, including from or to a Class of Share that is hedged, may be treated as a disposal for capital gains tax purposes. Shareholders who are in any doubt as to their tax treatment in respect of any conversion of Shares should seek their own professional advice.

There is no fee on Conversions.

The number of Shares to be issued in the new Class will be calculated relative to the price of the Shares being converted from.

3.5 **Switches**

Subject to the qualifications below, a Shareholder may at any time Switch all or some of his Shares of one Class in a Fund ("**Original Shares**") for Shares of another Fund ("**New Shares**").

The number of New Shares issued will be determined by reference to the respective prices of New Shares and Original Shares at the Valuation Point applicable at the time the Original Shares are redeemed and the New Shares are issued.

The ACD may at its discretion make a charge on the Switching or Conversion of Shares between Funds or Classes. Any such charge on Switching does not constitute a separate charge payable by a Shareholder, but is rather the application of any redemption charge on the Original Shares and any initial charge on the New Shares, subject to certain waivers. For details of the charges on Switching currently payable, please see paragraph 3.6.3 "Charges on Switching and Conversion".

If a partial Switch would result in the Shareholder holding a number of Original Shares or New Shares of a value which is less than the minimum holding in the Class concerned, the ACD may, if it thinks fit, convert the whole of the applicant's holding of Original Shares to New Shares (and make a charge on Switching on such Conversion) or refuse to effect any Switch of the Original Shares.

Save as otherwise specifically set out, the general provisions on procedures relating to redemption will apply equally to a Switch. Written instructions must be received by the ACD before the Cut Off Point in the Fund or Funds concerned to be dealt with at the prices at the next Valuation Point on or at such other Valuation Point as the ACD at the request of the Shareholder giving the relevant instruction may agree. Switching requests received after a Cut Off Point will be held over until the next day which is a Dealing Day in each of the relevant Fund or Funds.

The ACD may adjust the number of New Shares to be issued to reflect the application of any charge on Switching together with any other charges or levies in respect of the application for the New Shares or redemption of the Original Shares as may be permitted pursuant to the COLL Sourcebook.

Please note that under UK tax law a Switch of Shares in one Fund for Shares in any other Fund is treated as a redemption and sale of the Original Shares and a purchase of New Shares and will, for persons subject to taxation, be a realisation of the Original Shares for the purposes of capital gains taxation, which may give rise to a liability to tax, depending upon the Shareholder's circumstances. A Switch of Shares in one Class in a Fund for Shares in another Class in the same Fund will not normally be deemed to be a disposal for the purposes of UK capital gains taxation.

A Shareholder who Switches Shares in one Fund for Shares in any other Fund (or who Converts between Classes of Shares) will not be given a right by law to withdraw from or cancel the transaction.

3.6 Dealing Charges

The price per Share at which Shares are bought, redeemed, Converted or Switched is the Net Asset Value per Share. Any initial charge, or redemption charge, is deducted from the gross subscription or the proceeds of the redemption monies.

3.6.1 Initial Charge

The ACD may impose a charge on the purchase of Shares in each Class. The current initial charge is calculated as a percentage of the amount invested by a potential Shareholder, in respect of each Share Class as set out in APPENDIX I. APPENDIX I also highlights the initial charge as a percentage of the price of Shares. The ACD may waive or discount the initial charge at its discretion.

The initial charge (which is deducted from subscription monies) is payable by the Shareholder to the ACD.

The current initial charge of a Class may only be increased in accordance with the Regulations.

Where permitted to do so under the rules in the FCA Handbook, the ACD may pay a commission to relevant intermediaries either out of the initial charge or out of other of its own resources.

3.6.2 **Redemption Charge**

The ACD may make a charge on the redemption of Shares in each Class. Please see APPENDIX I for details of which Funds apply a redemption charge.

The ACD may only introduce a redemption charge in accordance with the Regulations. Also, if such a charge was introduced, it would not apply to Shares issued before the date of the introduction (i.e., those not previously subject to a redemption charge).

There is currently no charge for redeeming Shares in any of the Classes.

3.6.3 **Charges on Switching and Conversion**

The Instrument of Incorporation authorises the Company to impose a charge on the Switching of Shares between Funds or the Converting of Shares between Classes in the Company. If a redemption charge is payable in respect of the Original Shares, this may become payable instead of, or as well as, the then prevailing initial charge for the New Shares. The charge on Switching or Converting is payable by the Shareholder to the ACD.

There is currently no charge for Switching between Funds or for Converting Shares in one Class of a Fund for Shares in another Class of the same Fund.

3.6.4 **Dilution Adjustment**

The actual cost of purchasing, selling or Switching assets and investments in the Funds may deviate from the mid-market value used in calculating its Share price, due to dealing charges, taxes, and any spread between buying and selling prices of a Fund's underlying investments. These costs could have an adverse effect on the value of the Funds, known as "dilution". In order to mitigate the effect of dilution the Regulations allow the ACD to adjust the sale and purchase price of Shares in the Funds to take into account the possible effects of dilution. This practise is known as making a "dilution adjustment" or operating swinging single pricing. The power to make a dilution adjustment may only be exercised for the purpose of reducing dilution in the Funds.

The price of each Class of Share in each Fund will be calculated separately but any dilution adjustment will in percentage terms affect the price of Shares of each Class identically.

The ACD reserves the right to make a dilution adjustment every day. The dilution adjustment is calculated using the estimated dealing costs of a Fund's underlying investments and taking into consideration any dealing spreads commission and transfer taxes. The need to make a dilution adjustment will depend on the difference between the value of Shares being acquired and the value of Shares being redeemed as a proportion of the total value of that Fund. The measurement period will typically be a single day but, where a trend develops so that for a number of days in a row there is a surplus of acquisitions or redemptions on each and every day, the aggregate effect of such acquisitions or redemptions as a proportion of the total relevant Fund value will be considered.

Where a Fund is experiencing net acquisitions of its Shares the dilution adjustment would increase the price of Shares above their mid-market value. Where a Fund is experiencing net redemptions the dilution adjustment would decrease the price of Shares to below their mid-market value.

It is the ACD's policy to reserve the right to impose a dilution adjustment on purchases, sales and Switches of Shares of whatever size and whenever made. In the event that a dilution adjustment is made it will be applied to all transactions in a Fund during the relevant measurement period and all transactions during the relevant measurement period will be dealt on the same price inclusive of the dilution adjustment.

The ACD's decision on whether or not to make this adjustment, and at what level this adjustment might be made in a particular case or generally, will not prevent it from making a different decision on future similar transactions.

On the occasions when a dilution adjustment is not applied if a Fund is experiencing net acquisitions of Shares or net redemptions there may be an adverse impact on the assets of that Fund attributable to each underlying Share, although the ACD does not consider this to be likely to be material in relation to the potential future growth in value of a Share. As dilution is directly related to the inflows and outflows of monies from a Fund it is not possible to accurately predict whether dilution will occur at any future point in time. Consequently it is also not possible to accurately predict how frequently the ACD will need to make a dilution adjustment.

The dilution adjustment will be applied to the mid price for Shares resulting in a figure calculated up to six decimal places. The final digit in this figure will then be rounded either up or down in accordance with standard mathematical principles resulting in the final price for the Shares.

It is envisaged (based on future projections) that a dilution adjustment will be applied from time to time.

The dilution adjustment for any one Fund may vary over time because the dilution adjustment for each Fund will be calculated by reference to the costs of dealing in the underlying investments of that Fund, including any dealing spreads, and these can vary with market conditions. A typical dilution adjustment may range from 0.05% to 0.6% when buying or selling Shares.

3.7 Money laundering

As a result of legislation in force in the UK to prevent money laundering, the ACD is responsible for compliance with anti-money laundering regulations. In order to implement these regulations, in certain circumstances investors may be asked to provide proof of identity when buying or redeeming Shares. Until satisfactory proof of identity is provided, the ACD reserves the right to refuse to issue Shares, pay the proceeds of a redemption of Shares, or pay income on Shares to the investor. In the case of a purchase of Shares where the applicant is not willing to provide the information requested within a reasonable period, the ACD also reserves the right to sell the Shares purchased and return the proceeds to the account from which the subscription was made. These proceeds may be less than the original investment.

The ACD is responsible for all matters relating to compliance with Money Laundering Regulations pertaining to the Company and investments in the Company, Fund or Funds.

3.8 Transfers

Subject to the appropriate anti-money laundering checks having been successfully carried out (as described in paragraph 3.7 above), Shareholders are entitled to transfer their Shares to another person or body. All transfers must be in writing in the form of an instrument of transfer approved by the ACD for this purpose. Completed instruments of transfer must be returned to the ACD in order for the transfer to be registered by the ACD. At present, transfer of title by electronic communication is not accepted.

3.9 Restrictions and Compulsory Transfer and Redemption

The ACD may from time to time impose such restrictions as it may think necessary for the purpose of ensuring that no Shares are acquired or held by any person in breach of the law or governmental regulation (or any interpretation of a law or regulation by a competent authority) of any country or territory or which would result in the Company incurring any liability to taxation which the Company is not able to recoup itself or suffering any other adverse consequence. In this connection,

the ACD may, inter alia, reject in its discretion any application for the purchase, redemption, transfer, Conversion or Switching of Shares.

If it comes to the notice of the ACD that any Shares ("**affected Shares**"):

- (a) are owned directly or beneficially in breach of any law or governmental regulation (or any interpretation of a law or regulation by a competent authority) of any country or territory; or
- (b) would result in the Company incurring any liability to taxation which the Company would not be able to recoup itself or suffering any other adverse consequence (including a requirement to register under any securities or investment or similar laws or governmental regulation of any country or territory); or
- (c) are held in any manner by virtue of which the Shareholder or Shareholders in question is/are not qualified to hold such Shares or if it reasonably believes this to be the case; or
- (d) are owned by a Shareholder who is registered in a jurisdiction (where the Fund is not registered or recognised by the relevant competent authority) whereby communication with that Shareholder by the ACD, on behalf of the Fund, might constitute a breach of the regulations in that jurisdiction (unless specific action is taken by the ACD to prevent such a communication constituting a breach); or
- (e) are held in a manner which constitutes a breach of the Instrument of Incorporation or this Prospectus as to the eligibility or entitlement to hold any Shares; or
- (f) if the ACD is not satisfied that any Shares may not give rise to a situation discussed in (a) to (e) above,

the ACD may give notice to the Shareholder(s) of the affected Shares requiring the transfer of such Shares to a person who is qualified or entitled to own them or that a request in writing be given for the redemption of such Shares in accordance with the COLL Sourcebook. If any Shareholder upon whom such a notice is served does not within thirty days after the date of such notice transfer his affected Shares to a person qualified to own them or submit a written request for their redemption to the ACD or establish to the satisfaction of the ACD (whose judgement is final and binding) that he or the beneficial owner is qualified and entitled to own the affected Shares, he shall be deemed upon the expiry of that 30 day period to have given a request in writing for the redemption or cancellation (at the discretion of the ACD) of all the affected Shares.

A Shareholder who becomes aware that he is holding or owns affected Shares shall immediately, unless he has already received a notice as set out above, either transfer all his affected Shares to a person qualified to own them or submit a request in writing to the ACD for the redemption of all his affected Shares.

Where a request in writing is given or deemed to be given for the redemption of affected Shares, such redemption will (if effected) be effected in the same manner as provided for in the COLL Sourcebook.

3.10 Issue of Shares in exchange for in specie assets

The ACD may, at its discretion, arrange for the Company to issue Shares in exchange for assets other than cash, but will only do so where the Depositary has taken reasonable care to determine that the Company's acquisition of those assets in exchange for the Shares concerned is not likely to result in any material prejudice to the interests of Shareholders. Where the ACD considers the deal to be substantial in relation to the total size of the Fund it may require the investor to contribute in specie. The ACD may consider a deal in this context to be substantial if the relevant Shares constitute 5% (or a lesser or higher percentage if considered appropriate) of those in issue in the relevant Fund.

The ACD will ensure that the beneficial interest in the assets is transferred to the Company with effect from the issue of the Shares.

The ACD will not issue Shares in any Fund in exchange for assets the holding of which would be inconsistent with the investment objective or policy of that Fund.

3.11 Liquidity Management

The ACD has a liquidity management policy and maintains tools and methods of monitoring the liquidity of the Funds, so that the ACD can attempt to ensure that the ACD can carry out investment requests. The liquidity risk management policies and procedures include the management, implementation and maintaining of appropriate liquidity limits for the Funds. In normal circumstances, dealing requests will be processed as set out above. In exceptional circumstances, other procedures such as suspending dealing in a Fund, borrowing cash or applying in-specie redemptions may be used.

3.12 In specie redemptions

If a Shareholder requests the redemption of Shares the ACD may, at its discretion and where it considers the deal to be substantial in relation to the total size of the Fund concerned or in some way detrimental to the Fund, arrange, having given prior notice in writing to the Shareholder, that, in place of payment for the Shares in cash, the Company transfers property or, if required by the Shareholder and agreed to by the ACD, the net proceeds of sale of the relevant property, to the

Shareholder. Before the redemption proceeds of the Shares become payable, the ACD must give written notice to the Shareholder that the relevant property or the proceeds of sale of the relevant property will be transferred to that Shareholder so that the Shareholder can require the net proceeds of redemption rather than the relevant property if he so desires. For this purpose, the ACD may consider a deal to be substantial if the relevant Shares constitute 5% (or a lesser or higher percentage if considered appropriate) of those in issue in the relevant Fund.

The Depositary must take reasonable care to ensure that the property concerned would not be likely to result in any material prejudice to the interests of Shareholders.

The ACD will select the property to be transferred or sold in consultation with the Depositary.

3.13 **Suspension of dealings in the Company or a Fund**

The ACD may, with the prior agreement of the Depositary, and must without delay if the Depositary so requires temporarily suspend the issue, cancellation, sale and redemption of Shares in any or all of the Funds where due to exceptional circumstances it is in the interests of all the Shareholders in the relevant Fund or Funds.

The ACD and the Depositary must ensure that the suspension is only allowed to continue for as long as is justified having regard to the interests of Shareholders.

The ACD or the Depositary (as appropriate) will immediately inform the FCA of the suspension and the reasons for it and will follow this up as soon as practicable with written confirmation of the suspension and the reasons for it to the FCA and the regulator in each EEA State where the relevant Fund is offered for sale.

The ACD will notify Shareholders as soon as is practicable after the commencement of the suspension, including details of the exceptional circumstances which have led to the suspension, in a clear, fair and not misleading way and giving Shareholders details of how to find further information about the suspension. Where such suspension takes place, the ACD will publish details on its website or by other appropriate means, sufficient details to keep Shareholders appropriately informed about the suspension, including, if known, its possible duration.

During the suspension none of the obligations in COLL 6.2 (Dealing) will apply but the ACD will comply with as much of COLL 6.3 (Valuation and Pricing) during the period of suspension as is practicable in light of the suspension.

Suspension will cease as soon as practicable after the exceptional circumstances leading to the suspension have ceased but the ACD and the Depositary will formally

review the suspension at least every 28 days and will inform the FCA of the review and any change to the information given to Shareholders.

The ACD may agree during the suspension to deal in Shares in which case all deals accepted during and outstanding prior to the suspension will be undertaken at a price calculated at the first Valuation Point after the restart of dealings in Shares.

3.14 **Governing law**

All deals in Shares are governed by English law.

3.15 **Client money**

In certain circumstances (including in relation to the purchase and redemption of Shares), money in respect of Shares will be transferred to a client money bank account with an Approved Bank that the ACD may from time to time select until such transactions can be completed. Money transferred to a client money account will be held in accordance with the FCA Client Money Rules relating to the holding of client money.

The purpose of utilising client money accounts is to protect Shareholders should the ACD become insolvent during such a period. All client money bank accounts are non-interest bearing and therefore no interest is due or payable to the Shareholders where client money balances are held.

Client money may be held with an Approved Bank outside the UK. In such case, the relevant accounts will be subject to the laws of that state and the client money may be treated in a different manner from that which would apply if the client money were held by a party located in the UK.

Where client money is deposited into an account with an Approved Bank, the Approved Bank may have a security interest or lien over, or right of set-off in relation to such money, to the extent the ACD is permitted to grant such rights by the Client Money Rules.

The ACD may hold client money in an omnibus account which means that Shareholder's money may be held in the same account as that of other Shareholders. In an insolvency event Shareholders would not have a claim against a specific amount in a specific account. Shareholders would claim against the client money pool in general. Pooled property in omnibus accounts held by the ACD may be used for the account of any of the relevant Shareholders.

The ACD will not be responsible for any loss or damages suffered by Shareholders because of any error or action taken or not taken by any third parties holding client money in accordance with the Client Money Rules, unless the loss arises because

the ACD has been negligent or acted fraudulently or in bad faith. However, if the Approved Bank or Banks cannot repay all the persons to whom it owes money, any shortfall may have to be shared proportionally between all its creditors including Shareholders.

Transfer of business

Except in respect of de minimis sums transferred in accordance with the Client Money Rules (where Shareholder consent is not required), Shareholders agree that the ACD may transfer to another person, as part of a transfer of business to that person, client money balances, provided that:

- (a) the sums transferred will be held for the relevant Shareholder by the person to whom they are transferred in accordance with the Client Money Rules; or
- (b) if not held in accordance with (a), the ACD will exercise all due skill, care and diligence in assessing whether the person to whom the client money is transferred will apply adequate measure to protect these sums.

For the purpose of this paragraph, de minimis shall mean £25 for retail investors and £100 for all other investors.

Unclaimed balances

In certain circumstances, if the ACD has lost touch with a Shareholder and there has been no movement on the account (notwithstanding any payments or receipts of charges, interest or similar items), the ACD will be permitted to pay the Shareholder's client money balance to charity after six years. At this point, the ACD shall cease to treat such money as client money. The ACD will not do so until reasonable efforts have been made to contact the Shareholder in accordance with the Client Money Rules. The Shareholder will still be entitled to recover this money from the ACD at a later date irrespective of whether the ACD has paid the money to charity.

Delivery versus payment exemption

The ACD is required to comply with the FCA's client money rules, as set out in Chapter 7 of the FCA's Client Assets sourcebook (CASS) (the 'Client Money Rules'). Making use of the DVP exemption available under the Client Money Rules when handling money for you in connection with the buying or selling of Shares in our funds. Under the DVP exemption your money need not be treated by us as client money for the purposes of the Client Money Rules in the following two scenarios:

- (1) where money is received from you that relates to your subscription to Shares in one of our funds; and

(2) where money is held by the ACD that relates to the redemption of your Shares in one of our funds. While operating under the DVP exemption, your money will not be subject to the protections conferred by the Client Money Rules and, if the ACD was to fail, the FCA's client money distribution rules as set out in Chapter 7A of CASS (the 'Client Money Distribution Rules') will not apply to these sums and you will not be entitled to share in any distribution under the Client Money Distribution Rules in respect of these sums.

Where the ACD have not paid any money belonging to you to the Depositary or to you, as the case may be, by close of business on the business day following receipt, the ACD will stop operating under the DVP exemption for that transaction and will treat the relevant sum of money as client money for the purposes of the Client Money Rules.

Any redemption proceeds paid to you by cheque will be held as client money under the Client Money Rules until such time as the cheque is presented.

You will be required to provide your written agreement to the use of the DVP exemption as set out above as part of your application to buy Shares in one of our funds through the ACD. Should the ACD cease at any time to make use of the DVP exemption, you will be notified in advance in writing.

4. VALUATION OF THE COMPANY

4.1 General

There is only a single price for each Class of Shares. The price of a Share is calculated by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Fund to which it relates. The Net Asset Value per Share of a Fund is currently calculated on each Dealing Day at the Valuation Point of the Fund. For details of the Valuation Point of a Fund please see APPENDIX I.

The ACD may at any time during a business day carry out an additional valuation if it considers it desirable to do so and may use the price obtained at such additional Valuation Point as the price for the day. The ACD shall inform the Depositary of any decision to carry out any such additional valuation. Valuations may be carried out for effecting a scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction, which do not create a Valuation Point for the purposes of dealing. Where permitted and subject to the Regulations, the ACD may, in certain circumstances (for example where a significant event has occurred since the closure of a market) substitute a price with a more appropriate price which in its opinion reflects a fair and reasonable price for that investment.

The ACD will, upon completion of each valuation, notify the Depositary of the price of Shares of each Class of each Fund and the amount of any dilution adjustment made in respect of any purchase or redemption of Shares.

A request for dealing in Shares must be received by the Cut Off Point in order to be processed at the next Valuation Point. A dealing request received after this time will be held over and processed on the next Dealing Day, using the Net Asset Value per Share calculated as at the Valuation Point on that next Dealing Day.

4.2 Calculation of the Net Asset Value

The value of the property of the Company or of a Fund (as the case may be) shall be the value of its assets less the value of its liabilities determined in accordance with the following provisions:

- 4.2.1 All the Scheme Property (including receivables) is to be included, subject to the following provisions.
- 4.2.2 Property which is not cash (or other assets dealt with in paragraphs 4.2.2.6 or 4.2.3 below) shall be valued as follows and the prices used shall (subject as follows) be the most recent prices which it is practicable to obtain:
 - 4.2.2.1 units or shares in a collective investment scheme:
 - (a) if a single price for buying and redeeming units or shares is quoted, at that price; or

- (b) if separate buying and selling prices are quoted, at the average of the two prices provided the buying price has been reduced by any initial charge included therein and the selling price has been increased by any exit or selling charge attributable thereto; or
 - (c) if, in the opinion of the ACD, the price obtained is unreliable or no recent traded price is available or if no recent price exists or if the most recent price available does not reflect the ACD's best estimate of the value of the units or shares, at a value which, in the opinion of the ACD, is fair and reasonable;
- 4.2.2.2 exchange-traded derivative contracts:
- (a) if a single price for buying and selling the exchange-traded derivative contract is quoted, at that price; or
 - (b) if separate buying and selling prices are quoted, at the average of the two prices;
- 4.2.2.3 over-the-counter derivative contracts shall be valued in accordance with the method of valuation as shall have been agreed between the ACD and the Depositary;
- 4.2.2.4 Any other investment:
- (a) if a single price for buying and redeeming the security is quoted, at that price; or
 - (b) if separate buying and redemption prices are quoted, at the average of the two prices; or
 - (c) if, in the opinion of the ACD, the price obtained is unreliable or no recent traded price is available or if no recent price exists or if the most recent price available does not reflect the ACD's best estimate of the value of the security, at a value which in the opinion of the ACD, is fair and reasonable;
- 4.2.2.5 Scheme Property other than that described in paragraphs 4.2.2.1, 4.2.2.2, 4.2.2.3 and 4.2.2.4 above, at a value which, in the opinion of the ACD, is fair and reasonable;
- 4.2.2.6 cash and amounts held in current and deposit accounts and in other time related deposits shall be valued at their nominal values.

- 4.2.3 In determining the value of the Scheme Property, all instructions given to issue or cancel Shares shall be assumed (unless the contrary is shown) to have been carried out and any cash payment made or received and all consequential action required by the Regulations or the Instrument of Incorporation shall be assumed (unless the contrary has been shown) to have been taken.
- 4.2.4 Subject to paragraphs 4.2.5 and 4.2.6 below, agreements for the unconditional sale or purchase of Scheme Property which are in existence but uncompleted shall be assumed to have been completed and all consequential action required to have been taken. Such unconditional agreements need not be taken into account if made shortly before the valuation takes place and if, in the opinion of the ACD, their omission will not materially affect the final net asset amount.
- 4.2.5 Futures or contracts for differences which are not yet due to be performed and unexpired and unexercised written or purchased options shall not be included under paragraph 4.2.4.
- 4.2.6 All agreements are to be included under paragraph 4.2.4 which are, or ought reasonably to have been, known to the person valuing the property assuming that all other persons in the ACD's employment take all reasonable steps to inform it immediately of the making of any agreement.
- 4.2.7 An estimated amount for anticipated tax liabilities (on unrealised capital gains where the liabilities have accrued and are payable out of the Scheme Property; on realised capital gains in respect of previously completed and current accounting periods; and on income where liabilities have accrued) including (as applicable and without limitation) capital gains tax, income tax, corporation tax, VAT, stamp duty, SDRT and any foreign taxes or duties will be deducted.
- 4.2.8 An estimated amount for any other anticipated tax liabilities at that point in time including (as applicable and without limitation) capital gains tax, income tax, corporation tax, VAT, stamp duty, SDRT and any foreign taxes or duties will be deducted.
- 4.2.9 The principal amount of any outstanding borrowings whenever repayable and any accrued but unpaid interest on borrowings will be deducted.
- 4.2.10 An estimated amount for accrued claims for tax of whatever nature which may be recoverable will be added.
- 4.2.11 Any other credits or amounts due to be paid into the Scheme Property will be added.

4.2.12 Currencies or values in currencies other than Sterling shall be converted at the relevant Valuation Point at a rate of exchange that is not likely to result in any material prejudice to the interests of Shareholders or potential Shareholders.

4.2.13 A sum representing any interest or any income accrued due or deemed to have accrued but not received will be added.

4.3 **Price per Class of Share in each Fund**

The price per Share at which Shares are bought or are redeemed is the Net Asset Value per Share. There will be a single price per Share. Any initial charge, or redemption charge, is payable in addition to the price or deducted from the proceeds and is taken from the gross subscription or redemption monies.

Each allocation of income made in respect of any Fund at a time when more than one Class is in issue in respect of that Fund shall be done by reference to the relevant Shareholder's proportionate interest in the income property of the Fund in question calculated in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation.

4.4 **Fair Value Pricing**

4.4.1 Where the ACD has reasonable grounds to believe that:

4.4.1.1 no reliable price exists for a security (including a unit/share in a collective investment scheme) at a Valuation Point; or

4.4.1.2 the most recent price available does not reflect the ACD's best estimate of the value of the security (including a unit/share in a collective investment scheme) at the Valuation Point;

it can value an investment at a price which, in its opinion, reflects a fair and reasonable price for that investment (the fair value price).

4.4.2 The circumstances which may give rise to a fair value price being used include:

4.4.2.1 no recent trade in the security concerned; or

4.4.2.2 suspension of dealings in an underlying collective investment scheme; or

4.4.2.3 the occurrence of a significant event since the most recent closure of the market where the price of the security is taken.

4.4.3 In determining whether to use such a fair value price, the ACD will include in their consideration but need not be limited to:

- 4.4.3.1 the type of authorised fund concerned;
- 4.4.3.2 the securities involved;
- 4.4.3.3 whether the underlying collective investment schemes may already have applied fair value pricing;
- 4.4.3.4 the basis and reliability of the alternative price used; and
- 4.4.3.5 the ACD's policy on the valuation of Scheme Property as disclosed in this Prospectus.

4.5 **Pricing basis**

The ACD deals on a forward pricing basis. A forward price is the price calculated at the next Valuation Point after the purchase or redemption is deemed to be accepted by the ACD.

4.6 **Publication of Prices**

The prices of all Share Classes are available at www.fundlistings.com. The prices of Shares may also be obtained by calling 01268 44 8234 during the ACD's normal business hours.

As the ACD deals on a forward pricing basis, the price that appears in these sources will not necessarily be the same as the one at which investors can currently deal. The ACD may also, at its sole discretion, decide to publish certain Share prices on third party websites or publications but the ACD does not accept responsibility for the accuracy of the prices published in, or for the non-publication of prices by, these sources for reasons beyond the control of the ACD.

5. **RISK FACTORS**

Potential investors should consider the below risk factors before investing in the Company (or, in the case of specific risks applying to specific Funds, in those Funds).

This list must not be taken to be comprehensive as there may be new risks that arise in the future which could not have been anticipated in advance. Also, the risk factors listed will apply to different Funds to different degrees, and for a given Fund this degree could increase or reduce through time.

5.1 **Market risk**

The investments of the Company are subject to normal market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investing in securities. There can be no assurance that any appreciation in the value of investments will occur. The value of investments and

the income derived from them may fall as well as rise and investors may not recoup the original amount they invest in the Company. There is no certainty that the investment objective of any Fund will actually be achieved and no warranty or representation is given to this effect. Past performance is no guide to the future.

5.2 **Effect of initial charge or redemption charge**

Where an initial charge or redemption charge is imposed, an investor who realises his Shares after a short period may not (even in the absence of a fall in the value of the relevant investments) realise the amount originally invested.

In particular, where a redemption charge is payable, investors should note that the percentage rate at which the redemption charge is calculated is based on the market value rather than the initial value of the Shares. If the market value of the Shares has increased the redemption charge will show a corresponding increase.

The Shares therefore should be viewed as medium to long term investments.

5.3 **Dilution adjustment**

Investors should note that in certain circumstances a dilution adjustment may be applied to the price payable on the purchase or redemption of their Shares (see "Dilution Adjustment" at paragraph 3.6.4). Where dilution adjustment is not applied the Fund in question may incur dilution which may constrain capital growth.

5.4 **Charges from capital**

Where the investment objective of a Fund is to treat the generation of income as a higher priority than capital growth, or the generation of income and capital growth have equal priority, or where incomes shares are in issue, all or part of the ACD's Management Fee as defined in paragraph 7.3 below, and other expenses may be charged against capital instead of against income. This treatment of the ACD's Management Fee and other expenses will increase the amount of income (which may be taxable) that may be available for distribution to Shareholders in the Fund concerned, but may constrain capital growth. For the C Income and D Income share classes of the FP WHEB Sustainability Fund, the ACD's Management Fee is deducted from capital, rather than income, in order to maximise the level of income that may be paid to investors.

5.5 **Suspension of dealings in Shares**

Investors are reminded that in certain circumstances their right to redeem Shares (including a redemption by way of Switching) may be suspended (see "Suspension of dealings in the Company or a Fund" at paragraph 3.10).

5.6 **Currency exchange rates**

Currency fluctuations may adversely affect the value of a Fund's investments and, depending on an investor's currency of reference, currency fluctuations may adversely affect the value of his investment in Shares.

5.7 **Emerging markets**

Investments in emerging markets may be more volatile than investments in more developed markets. Some of these markets may have relatively unstable governments, economies based on only a few industries and securities markets that trade only a limited number of securities. Many emerging markets do not have well developed regulatory systems and disclosure standards may be less stringent than those of developed markets.

The risks of expropriation, nationalisation and social, political and economic instability are greater in emerging markets than in more developed markets.

The following is a brief summary of some of the more common risks associated with emerging markets investment:

Fraudulent securities – Given the lack of a regulatory structure it is possible that securities in which investments are made may be found to be fraudulent. As a result, it is possible that loss may be suffered.

Lack of liquidity – The accumulation and disposal of holdings may be more expensive, time consuming and generally more difficult than in more developed markets. Also, due to the lack of liquidity, volatility may be higher. Many emerging

markets are small, have low trading volumes, low liquidity and significant price volatility.

Currency fluctuations – Significant changes in the currencies of the countries in which investments are made in respect of the currency of denomination of the relevant Fund may occur following the investment of the Company in these currencies. These changes may impact the total return of the Fund to a significant degree. In respect of currencies of certain emerging countries, it is not possible to undertake currency hedging techniques.

Settlement and custody risks – Settlement and custody systems in emerging markets are not as well developed as those in developed markets. Standards may not be as high and supervisory and regulatory authorities not as sophisticated. As a result there may be risks that settlement may be delayed and that cash or securities could be disadvantaged.

Investment and remittance restrictions – In some cases, emerging markets may restrict the access of foreign investors to securities. As a result, certain equity securities may not always be available to a Fund because the maximum permitted number of or investment by foreign shareholders has been reached. In addition, the outward remittance by foreign investors of their share of net profits, capital and dividends may be restricted or require governmental approval. The Company will only invest in markets in which it believes these restrictions to be acceptable. However, there can be no guarantee that additional restrictions will not be imposed.

Accounting – Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards, practices and disclosure requirements applicable to companies in emerging markets differ from those applicable in more developed markets in respect of the nature, quality and timeliness of the information disclosed to investors and, accordingly, investment possibilities may be difficult to properly assess.

5.8 **Smaller companies**

Funds investing in smaller companies invest in transferable securities which may be less liquid than the securities of larger companies, as a result of inadequate trading volume or restrictions on trading. Securities in smaller companies may possess greater potential for capital appreciation, but also involve risks, such as limited product lines, markets and financial or managerial resources and trading in such securities may be subject to more abrupt price movements than trading in the securities of larger companies.

5.9 **Sub investment grade bonds**

The Funds may hold sub-investment grade bonds. Such bonds have a lower credit rating than investment grade bonds and carry a higher degree of risk.

5.10 **Overseas bonds and currencies**

From time to time, a Fund may invest in overseas bonds and currencies. These markets may respond to different influences to those that affect the underlying funds and accordingly carry a higher degree of risk.

5.11 **Performance risk**

There will be a variation in performance between Funds with similar objectives due to the different assets selected. The degree of investment risk depends on the risk profile of the Fund chosen.

5.12 **Derivatives and volatility**

Derivative instruments may be used in the Funds for the purposes of Efficient Portfolio Management (EPM). **The use of derivatives for EPM should not lead to an increase in risk to the Fund.**

5.13 **Sector Risk**

As the Fund will only invest in companies which fit the themes (as described in APPENDIX I) of clean energy, water, pollution abatement and healthcare, there will be a limited number of companies worldwide which fit these themes. This limitation may constrain growth in the Fund and the Fund may experience a higher level of volatility than funds which invest in the broader market universe.

The Fund's investment focus on companies in the clean energy, water, pollution control and healthcare sectors means that market fluctuations in those sectors will affect the Fund more than they would affect a fund investing in a broader range of global sectors. In particular, if global legislation encouraging higher standards of environmental protection and higher expenditure on healthcare were reversed or substantially diluted then the impact on this fund would be more significant than on a fund that invests in a more diversified portfolio of shares.

5.14 **Concentration risk**

The Fund typically holds a more concentrated portfolio than the average OEIC sub-fund. Whilst increasing the potential reward, the nature of these funds can increase risk. As such, the returns may be more volatile and will be impacted more by fluctuations in the value of underlying stock.

5.15 **Inflation Risk**

Inflation will, over time, reduce the value of your investments in real terms.

5.16 **Counterparty risk**

If a Fund enters into a derivative contract it will be exposed to the credit of the other party (usually referred to as 'counterparty') and their ability to wholly or partly satisfy the terms of the contract.

In the event of a bankruptcy or insolvency of a counterparty, a Fund could experience delays in liquidating the position and may incur significant losses. The ACD may use one or more counterparties to undertake derivative transactions on behalf of a Fund and may be required to pledge a Fund's assets as collateral against these transactions. There may be a risk that a counterparty will be unable to meet its obligations with regards to the return of the collateral and may not meet other payments due to a Fund.

5.17 Tax Risk

The rates of, and any relief from, taxation may change over time. Further information is set out later in the document. The tax treatment will depend on the individual circumstances of each investor and may be subject to change in the future. If you have any doubts about your tax position, you should seek professional advice.

5.18 Regular Savings Plan

If a Shareholder is making regular monthly investments in a Fund with a view to saving for a specific objective, they should regularly review whether these savings will be sufficient to achieve their objective. Shareholders may not achieve their objective if they do not continue to invest regularly with a sufficient amount or if the investment does not appreciate sufficiently.

5.19 Cancellation Rights

Where cancellation rights are applicable, if Shareholders choose to exercise their cancellation rights and the value of the investment falls before notice of cancellation is received by the ACD in writing, a full refund of the original investment may not be provided but rather the original amount less the fall in value.

5.20 Pricing and liquidity

Where a Fund has exposure to alternative asset classes there is a risk that the price at which an asset is valued may not be realisable in the event of sale. This could be due to a mis-estimation of the asset's value or due to a lack of liquidity in the relevant market. As a result, at times, the ACD may have to delay acting on instructions to sell investments, and the proceeds on redemption may be materially less than the value implied by the Fund's price.

5.21 Investing in other collective investment schemes

Each Fund may invest in other regulated collective investment schemes. As an investor of another collective investment scheme, a Fund will bear, along with the other investors, its portion of the expenses of the other collective investment

scheme, including management, performance and/or other fees. These fees will be in addition to the management fees and other expenses which a Fund bears directly with its own operations.

5.22 **Exchange Traded Funds (“ETFs”)**

The Funds may invest in Exchange Traded Funds. Exchange Traded Funds represent a basket of securities that are traded on an exchange and may not necessarily trade at the net asset value of their underlying holdings. As a result, they may trade at a price that is above or below the value of the underlying portfolio.

5.23 **Brexit**

On 31 January 2020, the UK formally withdrew from the EU and entered into a transition period which ended at 11 pm on 31 December 2020. An EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement (the “**TCA**”) was concluded on 30 December 2020. Although the TCA was ratified by the European Parliament on 28 April 2021, the process to implement the new political, economic and regulatory framework between the UK and EU remains uncertain and therefore such implementation may still have a detrimental impact on the Funds’ ability to fulfil their investment objective or on the value of a Fund’s assets, and may increase the Company’s costs.

5.24 **Global pandemics**

Global pandemics have the potential to cause major disruption to economies and markets around the world. In the event of a global pandemic, financial markets may experience extreme volatility and severe losses, and trading in certain instruments may be disrupted. Such circumstances may continue for an extended period of time and have an adverse impact on the value and liquidity of equities and securities in which the Fund invests. The ultimate economic fallout and long-term impact of a global pandemic may not be known for some time after the pandemic has arisen. Similarly, government and central bank measures may be taken to support economies and financial markets, however, the impact and effectiveness of these may not be known for some time after they are implemented.

6. MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

6.1 Regulatory Status

The ACD, the Depositary, the Investment Manager and the Administrator are authorised and regulated by the FCA of 12 Endeavour Square, London, E20 1JN.

6.2 Authorised Corporate Director

6.2.1 General

The ACD is FundRock Partners Limited which is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales on 19 February 2001.

The directors of the ACD are:

Paul Spendiff
Thibault Grégoire
Xavier Parain
Simon Gunson
Michael Vereika (non-executive director)
Eric Personne (non-executive director)

**Registered Office
and Head Office:**

Bastion House, 6th floor, 140
London Wall, London, EC2Y 5DN.

Share Capital:

An issued share capital of £
11,372,135 represented by
11,372,135 ordinary shares of
100 pence fully paid.

The ACD is responsible for managing and administering the Company's affairs in compliance with the COLL Sourcebook. The ACD may delegate its management and administration functions, but not responsibility, to third parties, including associates subject to the rules in the COLL Sourcebook.

It has therefore delegated to the Investment Manager the function of managing and acting as the investment adviser for the investment and reinvestment of the assets of the Funds (as further explained in paragraph 6.4 below). It has also delegated to the Administrator and the Registrar certain functions relating to administration and the Company's register (as further explained in paragraphs 6.6 and 6.7 below). The ACD has delegated various operational and fund accounting functions to Apex Fund Services (UK) Limited, a group company.

6.2.2 Terms of Appointment

The appointment of the ACD has been made under an agreement dated 26 May 2009 between the Company and the ACD, as amended from time to time, (the "**ACD Agreement**").

Pursuant to the ACD Agreement, the ACD manages and administers the affairs of the Company in accordance with the Regulations, the Instrument of Incorporation and this Prospectus. The ACD Agreement incorporates detailed provisions relating to the ACD's responsibilities. It also excludes the ACD from liability to the Company or any Shareholder for any error of judgment or loss suffered in connection with the subject matter of the ACD Agreement, unless arising as a direct consequence of recklessness, fraud, bad faith, wilful default or negligence in the performance or non-performance of its obligations and functions under the ACD Agreement. Any liability for defaults of a person to whom it has delegated certain functions is also limited to the extent permitted by the Regulations.

The Company has agreed to indemnify the ACD to the extent permitted by the COLL Sourcebook (for itself and its delegates) against claims and expenses that arise in respect of their duties, except where there is fault on its or their part of the kind referred to above.

In accordance with the Regulations, the ACD has in place a number of policies which set out how it operates and manages the Funds in a number of key areas. The ACD's (and the Investment Manager's) voting policy (which sets out how and when voting rights attached to the Funds' investments are to be exercised) and Level One Disclosure policy (which outlines our policies and procedures relating to our broker relationships and commission arrangements) are available on the following website: www.fundrock.com. Further information on how the ACD's policies are reviewed are also available on request.

The Investment Manager's Best Execution policy (which sets out how the Investment Manager complies with these rules) can be obtained by contacting the Investment Manager.

Note that investors in the Funds may request from the ACD information about entities where trade orders are transmitted or placed for execution.

Details of the fees payable to the ACD are set out in the paragraph headed "The Management Fee" below.

The ACD may carry out or arrange for the carrying out of stock lending transactions in respect of the Funds. The ACD reserves the right to receive a fee in relation to stock lending, subject to giving Shareholders 60 days' written notice of the details of such fees.

The ACD Agreement will continue until terminated on not less than 12 months' prior notice by either party, or earlier if, if amongst other things, the Company ceases to be authorised by the FCA, a party commits a material breach which is not remedied within 30 days written notice of being required to do so or the insolvency of a party.

The Company has no directors other than the ACD. The ACD is the authorised corporate director of certain open-ended investment companies details of which are set out in APPENDIX V.

6.3 The Depositary

6.3.1 General

The Depositary is a private limited company with registered number 11283101 incorporated in England whose registered office is at Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB. The Depositary is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

The ultimate holding company of the Depositary is Citigroup Inc., incorporated in New York, USA.

The key duties of the Depositary consist of:

- cash monitoring and verifying the Company's cash flows;
- safekeeping of the Scheme Property;
- ensuring that the sale, issue, re-purchase, redemption, cancellation and valuation of Shares are carried out in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation constituting the Company, the Prospectus, and applicable law, rules and regulations;
- ensuring that, in transactions involving Scheme Property, any consideration is remitted to the Company within the usual time limits;
- ensuring that the Company's income is applied in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation constituting the Company, the Prospectus, applicable law, rules and regulations; and
- carrying out instructions from the ACD unless they conflict with the Instrument of Incorporation the Prospectus, or applicable law, rules and regulations.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all the Scheme Property (other than tangible moveable property) of the Company and has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Company is managed in

accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation and the provisions of the COLL Sourcebook relating to the pricing of, and dealing in, Shares and relating to the income and the investment and borrowing powers of the Funds.

6.3.2 **Terms of Appointment**

The Company, the ACD and the Depositary are all parties to a legal agreement appointing the depositary effective 1 April 2022 (the "Depositary Agreement").

The Depositary Agreement may be terminated by not less than 180 days' written notice provided that no such notice shall take effect until the appointment of a successor to the Depositary.

The Depositary Agreement provides indemnities to the Depositary from the Company against costs, charges, losses and liabilities incurred by it (or its associates) in the proper execution, or in the purported proper execution, or exercise (reasonably and in good faith) of its duties, powers, authorities and discretions to the Company, except where it has failed to exercise due care and diligence).

6.3.3 The Depositary is entitled to receive remuneration out of the Scheme Property for its services, as explained below. **Delegation**

Under the terms of the Depositary Agreement, the Depositary has the power to delegate its safekeeping functions.

As a general rule, whenever the Depositary delegates any of its custody functions to a delegate, the Depositary will remain liable for any losses suffered as a result of an act or omission of the delegate as if such loss had arisen as a result of an act or omission of the Depositary. The use of securities settlement systems or order routing systems, does not constitute a delegation by the Depositary of its functions.

As at the date of this Prospectus, the Depositary has entered into a written agreement delegating the performance of its safekeeping function in respect of certain of the Company's assets to Citibank N.A, London Branch. Details of any sub-delegates are set out in Appendix V.

6.3.4 **Conflicts of Interest**

Actual or potential conflicts of interest may also arise between Company, the Shareholders or the ACD on the one hand and the Depositary on the other hand.

Non-exclusive services

The Depositary may act as the depositary of other investment funds. The Depositary may have other clients whose interests may conflict with those of Company, the Shareholders or the ACD.

Affiliates

From time to time conflicts may arise from the appointment by the Depositary of any of its delegates. For example, Citibank N.A., London Branch which has been appointed by the Depositary to act as custodian of the Scheme Property, also performs certain investment operations and functions and derivatives collateral management functions.

The Depositary will ensure that any such delegates or sub-delegates who are its affiliates are appointed on terms which are not materially less favourable to the Company than if the conflict or potential conflict had not existed. Citibank N.A., London Branch and any other delegate are required to manage any such conflict having regard to the FCA Handbook and its duties to the Depositary and the ACD.

Conflicting commercial interests

The Depositary (and any of its affiliates) may effect, and make a profit from, transactions in which the Depositary (or its affiliates, or another client of the Depositary or its affiliates) has (directly or indirectly) a material interest or a relationship of any description and which involves or may involve a potential conflict with the Depositary's duty to the Company.

This includes circumstances in which the Depositary or any of its affiliates or connected persons: acts as market maker in the investments of the Company; provides broking services to the Company and/or to other funds or companies; acts as financial adviser, banker, derivatives counterparty or otherwise provides services to the issuer of the investments of the Company; acts in the same transaction as agent for more than one client; has a material interest in the issue of the investments of the Company; or earns profits from or has a financial or business interest in any of these activities.

Management of conflicts

The Depositary has a conflict of interest policy in place to identify, manage and monitor on an on-going basis any actual or potential conflict of interest. The Depositary has functionally and hierarchically separated the performance of its depositary tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks. The system of internal controls, the different reporting lines, the allocation of tasks and the management reporting allow potential conflicts of interest and the Depositary issues to be properly identified, managed and monitored.

6.3.5 **Depository's Data Protection Policy**

The Depository's Markets and Securities Services Privacy Statement details the collection, use and sharing of Shareholders' personal information by the Depository in connection with Shareholders' investment in the Company.

The Depository's Markets and Securities Services Privacy Statement may be updated from time to time and readers should confirm that they hold the latest version.

Any Shareholder who provides the ACD and its agents with personal information about another individual (such as a joint investor), must show the Depository's Markets and Securities Services Privacy Statement to those individuals.

6.4 **The Investment Manager**

6.4.1 **General**

The ACD has appointed the Investment Manager, WHEB Asset Management LLP, to provide investment management and advisory services to the ACD. The Investment Manager is authorised and regulated by the FCA.

The Investment Manager's registered office is at 7 Cavendish Square, London W1G 0PE. The principal activity of the Investment Manager is the provision of investment management services.

6.4.2 **Terms of Appointment**

The Investment Manager was appointed by an agreement dated 26 May 2009 between the ACD and the Investment Manager, as amended from time to time (the "**Investment Management Agreement**").

In the exercise of the ACD's investment functions, the Investment Manager shall (subject to the overall policy and supervision of the ACD) have full power, authority and right to exercise the functions, duties, powers and discretions exercisable by the ACD under the Instrument of Incorporation or the Regulations to manage the investment of the Scheme Property of the Company. The Investment Manager has full power to delegate under the Investment Management Agreement.

The Investment Manager may also direct the exercise of rights (including voting rights) attaching to the ownership of the Company's Scheme Property.

The Investment Management Agreement may be terminated by not less than twelve months written notice, or immediately if it is in the best interest of investors or by written notice given by either party on the happening of

certain events involving any material breach or insolvency. It will also terminate automatically if the agreement appointing the ACD is terminated or if the ACD or the Investment Manager ceases to be authorised to act as such.

The Investment Manager is entitled to a fee out of that paid to the ACD, as explained below in paragraph 7.

The Investment Manager will not be considered as a broker fund adviser under the FCA Handbook in relation to the Company.

6.5 **The Administrator**

On behalf of the Company the ACD has appointed the Administrator, SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited, to provide certain administration services. The Administrator's registered office is SS&C House, St Nicholas Lane, Basildon, Essex SS15 5FS.

6.6 **The Registrar**

6.6.1 **General**

On behalf of the Company the ACD has also appointed SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited to act as registrar to the Company.

The registered office of the Registrar is SS&C House, St Nicholas Lane, Basildon, Essex SS15 5FS.

6.6.2 **Register of Shareholders**

The Register of Shareholders will be maintained by the Registrar at the address of its registered office as noted above, and may be inspected at that address during normal business hours by any Shareholder or any Shareholder's duly authorised agent.

The Register of Shareholders shall be conclusive evidence as to the persons entitled to the Shares entered in the Register. No notice of any trust, express, implied or constructive, shall be entered on the Register of Shareholders in respect of any Share and the ACD and the Depositary shall not be bound by any such notice.

The plan register (being a record of persons who subscribe for Shares through ISA plans) can be inspected at the office of the Administrator.

6.7 **The Auditor**

The auditor of the Company is Deloitte LLP, whose address is 110 Queen Street, Glasgow G1 3BX.

6.8 Conflicts of Interest

The ACD, other companies within the Professional Partners Administration Limited group of companies and the Investment Manager may, from time to time, act as managers to other funds or sub-funds which follow similar investment objectives to those of the Funds. It is therefore possible that the ACD and/or the Investment Manager may in the course of their business have potential conflicts of interest with the Company or a particular Fund or between the Company and other funds managed by the ACD. The ACD and/or the Investment Manager will, however, have regard in such event to the ACD's obligations under the ACD Agreement and, in particular, to its obligation to act in the best interests of the Company so far as practicable, having regard to its obligations to other clients, when undertaking any investment business where potential conflicts of interest may arise. Where a conflict of interest cannot be avoided, the ACD will ensure that the Company and any other collective investment schemes it manages are fairly treated.

The ACD acknowledges that there may be some situations where the organisational or administrative arrangements in place for the management of conflicts of interest are not sufficient to ensure with reasonable confidence that risk of damage to the interests of the Company or its Shareholders will be prevented. Should any such situations arise, the ACD will disclose these to Shareholders in an appropriate format.

The ACD may also use group companies as delegates or service providers. The ACD will ensure that any such delegates or service providers who are its affiliates are appointed on terms which are not materially less favourable to the Company than if the conflict or potential conflict had not existed.

The Depositary may act as the depositary of other open-ended investment companies and as trustee or custodian of other collective investment schemes.

The Investment Manager may manage other accounts/portfolios with similar investment objectives to the Funds.

7. FEES AND EXPENSES

7.1 General

All fees, costs, charges or expenses (other than Dealing Charges as set out in paragraph 3.6 above) payable by a Shareholder or out of the property of the Company or each Fund (as the case may be) are set out in this paragraph 7.

7.2 Establishment costs

Each Fund formed after this Prospectus is superseded may bear its own direct establishment costs. The Company may pay out of the property of the Company any liabilities arising on the unitisation, amalgamation or reconstruction of the Company or of any Fund.

7.3 The Management Fee

The ACD is entitled to be paid a fee for its services in managing the Company and each Fund. This fee (the "**Management Fee**") is a single charge that is deducted from the Scheme Property of the relevant Fund. The Management Fee pays the ACD for its services as well as reimburses the ACD for the fees and expenses incurred by it in relation to the operation and administration of the Funds.

The Management Fee is a fixed rate fee charged by the ACD to each Fund of the Company and is calculated and accrued on a daily basis by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Fund on the previous Dealing Day and the amount due for each month is payable in respect of each calendar month as soon as practicable after the month end.

The current Management Fee for each Fund (expressed as a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value of each Fund) is set out in APPENDIX I.

Should the operating costs of a Fund be higher than expected over a calendar year, any shortfall of the Management Fee will be paid at the expense of the Investment Manager (as sponsor of the Company and each Fund). Alternatively, in the event that the operating costs of a Fund are lower than expected over a calendar year, any surplus will be retained by the Investment Manager.

The ACD will, together with the Investment Manager, review the appropriateness of the Management Fee levels regularly with reference to the underlying cost base and their competitiveness in the wider market context. The ACD considers it appropriate to carry such reviews on a regular basis (annually as a minimum).

The Management Fee comprises of the following:

- 7.3.1 the charges and expenses payable to the ACD (which will include the fees and expenses payable to the Investment Manager);

- 7.3.2 the charges and expenses payable to the Depositary and to its delegates and agents, unless otherwise specified in this Prospectus. This includes:
 - 7.3.2.1 charges and expenses payable to the Custodian or to any person (whether or not an associate of the Depositary) to whom any function of custody or control in relation to Scheme Property is delegated or whose services are retained to assist in the performance of any such function;
 - 7.3.2.2 all charges imposed by, and any expenses of, any agents appointed by the Depositary to assist in the discharge of its duties;
 - 7.3.2.3 all charges and expenses incurred in connection with the collection and distribution of income;
 - 7.3.2.4 all charges and expenses incurred in relation to the preparation of the Depositary's annual report to Shareholders;
 - 7.3.2.5 all charges and expenses incurred in relation to stock lending or other transactions; and
 - 7.3.2.6 fees and expenses payable to professional advisors advising or assisting the Depositary.
- 7.3.3 the fees and expenses payable in respect of fund administration (including the costs and charges payable to the Fund Accountant and the Administrator and to their respective delegates), unless otherwise specified in this Prospectus;
- 7.3.4 fees and expenses in respect of establishing and maintaining the Register of Shareholders (and any plan sub-register) and related functions;
- 7.3.5 expenses incurred in producing, distributing and dispatching income and other payments to Shareholders;
- 7.3.6 fees in respect of the publication and circulation of details of the Net Asset Value and prices;
- 7.3.7 the fees and expenses of the auditors and tax, legal and other professional advisers of the Company;
- 7.3.8 the costs of convening and holding Shareholder meetings (including meetings of Shareholders in any particular Fund, or any particular Class within a Fund);

- 7.3.9 expenses incurred in company secretarial duties, including the cost of minute books and other documentation required to be maintained by the Company;
- 7.3.10 payments, costs or any other administrative expenses in relation to the preparation of and dissemination of literature required or necessary for the purpose of complying with the Regulations or any other applicable law or regulation (excluding the cost of disseminating the key investor information document or equivalent successor documentation);
- 7.3.11 fees of any paying, representative or other agents of the Company or the ACD;
- 7.3.12 fees of the FCA under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and the corresponding periodic fees of any regulatory authority in a country or territory outside the UK in which Shares are or may lawfully be marketed;
- 7.3.13 any payments otherwise due by virtue of changes to the Regulations;
- 7.3.14 costs in respect of communications with investors;
- 7.3.15 any VAT that may also be payable from the costs and charges listed in paragraphs 7.3.1 to 7.3.14 above.

7.4 **Other Costs**

The Company or each Fund (as the case may be) may, so far as the COLL Sourcebook allows, also pay out of the property of the Company or each Fund (as the case may be) all relevant fees, costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company or each Fund (as the case may be), which will include the following:

- 7.4.1 costs incurred in taking out and maintaining any insurance policy in relation to the Company and/or its Directors;
- 7.4.2 tax and duties payable by the Company;
- 7.4.3 interest on and charges incurred in borrowings;
- 7.4.4 any amount payable by the Company under any indemnity provisions contained in the Instrument of Incorporation or any agreement with any functionary of the Company;
- 7.4.5 any costs in modifying the ACD Agreement and any other relevant document required under the Regulations;

- 7.4.6 the fees of any stock lending agent and the fees of the ACD for arranging any stock lending, subject to giving Shareholders 60 days' prior written notice of the details of these fees;
- 7.4.7 Transaction costs (including, without limitation, fees and/or expenses incurred in acquiring, registering and disposing of investments as well as all operational costs that may arise from time to time as a result of Efficient Portfolio Management techniques being used for the benefit of the Company and/or the Funds.). Further details on the payment of costs and/or fees relating to Efficient Portfolio Management techniques will be set out in the Annual Report; and
- 7.4.8 (although it is not currently proposed to seek a listing for the Shares on any stock exchange) the fees connected with the any listing that is sought in the future.

VAT that may also be payable on the charges listed in this paragraph (paragraph 7.4).

- 7.5 The ACD reserves the right to review the Management Fee periodically at its discretion. Any increase to the level of the Management Fee will only be applied after giving 60 days' notice to Shareholders in accordance with the Regulations.

7.6 Charges payable from capital

Where the investment objective of a Fund is to treat the generation of income as a higher priority than capital growth, or the generation of income and capital growth have equal priority, or where Income share are available, all or part of the Management Fee (or other fees as described above) may be charged against capital instead of against income as set out in APPENDIX I. This will only be done with the approval of the Depositary. This treatment of the Management Fee or other fees may increase the amount of income (which may be taxable) available for distribution to Shareholders in the Fund concerned, but may constrain capital growth.

If a Class's expenses in any period exceed its income the ACD may take that excess from the capital property attributable to that Class.

7.7 Rebate of fees; commission

In certain limited circumstances and subject at all times to the provisions of the Conduct of Business Sourcebook of the FCA's Handbook of Rules and Guidance, the ACD may at its sole discretion rebate its initial or annual management charges in respect of any application for, or holding of, shares. Similarly the Company may rebate or waive its charges in relation to any exchange of shares. The investor should check with the intermediary the amount of commission he or she has

received and further details of such arrangements are available on request from the ACD.

7.8 Increase in the Charges payable to the ACD

Any increase of the Management Fee by the ACD will be carried out in accordance with the Regulations.

7.9 Allocation of fees and expenses between Funds

All the above fees, duties and charges (other than those borne by the ACD) will be charged to the Fund in respect of which they were incurred. Where an expense is not considered to be attributable to any one Fund, the expense will normally be allocated to all Funds pro rata to the value of the Net Asset Value of the Funds, although the ACD has discretion to allocate these fees and expenses in a manner which it considers fair to Shareholders generally.

8. SHAREHOLDER MEETINGS AND VOTING RIGHTS

8.1 Class and Fund Meetings

The Company has dispensed with the need to hold Annual General Meetings. A copy of the ACD agreement will be provided to a Shareholder on request.

The provisions below, unless the context otherwise requires, apply to Class meetings and meetings of Funds as they apply to general meetings of the Company, but by reference to Shares of the Class or Fund concerned and the Shareholders and value and prices of such Shares.

8.2 Requisitions of Meetings

The ACD may requisition a general meeting at any time.

Shareholders may also requisition a general meeting of the Company. A requisition by Shareholders must state the objects of the meeting, be dated, be signed by Shareholders who, at the date of the requisition, are registered as holding not less than one tenth in value of all Shares then in issue and the requisition must be deposited at the head office of the Company. The ACD must convene a general meeting no later than eight weeks after receipt of such requisition.

8.3 Notice and Quorum

Shareholders will receive at least 14 days' notice of a general meeting and are entitled to be counted in the quorum and vote at such meeting either in person or by proxy. The quorum for a meeting is two Shareholders, present in person or by proxy. The quorum for an adjourned meeting is one person entitled to be counted in a quorum. Notices of meetings and adjourned meetings will be sent to Shareholders at their registered addresses.

8.4 Voting Rights

At a general meeting, on a show of hands every Shareholder who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by its representative properly authorised in that regard, has one vote.

On a poll vote, a Shareholder may vote either in person or by proxy. The voting rights attaching to each Share are such proportion of the voting rights attached to all the Shares in issue that the price of the Share bears to the aggregate price of all the Shares in issue at the date seven days before the notice of meeting is sent out.

A Shareholder entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

In the case of joint Shareholders, the vote of the senior who votes, whether in person or by proxy, must be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint Shareholders. For this purpose, seniority must be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register.

Except where the COLL Sourcebook or the Instrument of Incorporation require an extraordinary resolution (which needs at least 75% of the votes cast at the meeting to be in favour if the resolution is to be passed) any resolution required by the COLL Sourcebook will be passed by a simple majority of the votes validly cast for and against the resolution.

The ACD may not be counted in the quorum for a meeting and neither the ACD nor any associate (as defined in the COLL Sourcebook) of the ACD is entitled to vote at any meeting of the Company except in respect of Shares which the ACD or associate holds on behalf of or jointly with a person who, if the registered Shareholder, would be entitled to vote and from whom the ACD or associate has received voting instructions.

Where all the Shares in a Fund are registered to, or held by, the ACD or its associates and they are therefore prohibited from voting and a resolution (including an extraordinary resolution) is required to conduct business at a meeting, it shall not be necessary to convene such a meeting and a resolution may, with the prior written agreement of the Depositary, instead be passed with the written consent of Shareholders representing 50% or more, or for an extraordinary resolution 75% or more, of the Shares in issue.

"Shareholders" in this context means Shareholders entered on the register at a time to be determined by the ACD and stated in the notice of the meeting which must not be more than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting.

8.5 **Virtual Shareholder Meetings**

Where in the reasonable opinion of the ACD, it is either not possible or it is otherwise highly impractical to hold a physical meeting of Shareholders for legal or health and safety reasons, the ACD may opt to hold a meeting of Shareholders on a fully or semi-virtual basis in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument of Incorporation of the Company. Where the ACD opts to hold a fully or semi-virtual meeting then physical attendance at such meeting may not be permitted.

Subject to COLL and the OEIC Regulations, where a meeting is held on a fully virtual basis, a Shareholder does not have a right to attend the meeting in person and may only vote in accordance with the means determined by the ACD for that meeting. The ACD will notify Shareholders of the means for voting in advance of the meeting.

9. TAXATION

9.1 General

The information below is a general guide based on current UK tax law and HM Revenue & Customs (HMRC) published practice, all of which are subject to change. It summarises the tax position of the Funds and of individual and corporate investors who are resident (and in the case of individuals, domiciled) for tax purposes solely in the UK and who are the absolute beneficial owners of a shareholding in the Company held as an investment. The relevant tax treatment will depend upon the particular circumstances of each Shareholder. In particular, the summary may not apply to certain classes of Shareholder (such as dealers in securities) to whom special rules may apply. The summary is not exhaustive or definitive and should not be treated as legal or tax advice and no action should be taken or omitted to be taken in reliance upon it. This summary also does not address the taxation consequences for investors who may be subject to taxation or exchange control in any jurisdiction outside the UK. Levels and bases of, and reliefs from, taxation are subject to change.

Any Shareholder or prospective Shareholder who is in any doubt as to the taxation implications of making an investment in the Company (including as regards the acquisition, holding or disposal of any Shares), or who may be subject to taxation or exchange control provisions in any jurisdiction other than the UK should consult their own professional advisers immediately.

9.2 The Funds

Each Fund is treated as a separate entity for certain UK tax purposes.

9.2.1 Income

Each Fund is subject to corporation tax at the basic rate of income tax, currently 20%, on its taxable income (net of allowable expenses).

Dividends received by the Funds from most UK and non-UK companies are generally exempt from corporation tax. It is not anticipated that the Funds will receive any dividends other than exempt dividends in respect of their shareholdings.

Certain Double Tax Agreements between the UK and other territories make provision for withholding taxes, or higher withholding taxes, to apply to dividends paid in circumstances where a resident of the state receiving the dividend is not charged to tax in respect of it. Chapter 4 of Part 9A Corporation Tax Act 2009 therefore provides for the making of an election that a dividend is not exempt, in order to ensure that it is subject to no, or lower rates of, withholding taxes. The Company therefore reserves the right to make such an election if it results in a greater net receipt for the Company.

Where an election is made the dividend received will be subject to corporation tax but credit will be given against that tax in respect of withholding taxes suffered, up to the level of the UK tax charged on that income.

9.2.2 **Capital gains**

Capital gains accruing to the Funds will generally be exempt from UK corporation tax on chargeable gains. Any gains made from certain trading transactions will, however, be treated as income and will be subject to corporation tax. Offshore income gains arising from the disposal of interests in non-reporting offshore funds may also be subject to corporation tax.

Part 2B of the Authorised Investment Funds (Tax) Regulations 2006 provides certainty that specified transactions carried out by an authorised fund, such as the Company, will not be treated as trading transactions for funds that meet a genuine diversity of ownership condition. For these purposes, the ACD confirms that all Classes of the Company are primarily intended for and marketed to the category of retail and institutional investors. The ACD intends that Shares in the Company should be widely available and will be marketed and made available sufficiently widely to reach the intended categories of investors and in a manner appropriate to attract those kinds of investors.

9.2.3 **Foreign Taxes**

The Company may be subject to foreign tax on its investments, subject to any relief (if available) including under any applicable double taxation agreement or otherwise under UK law.

9.2.4 **Stamp Taxes**

The Company may be required to pay UK stamp duty or SDRT or other similar taxes in other jurisdictions in connection with the acquisition or transfer of underlying investments.

9.3 **Shareholders**

9.3.1 **Income – Distributions and Accumulation**

Distributions may be either dividend distributions or interest distributions, depending on the nature of the investments of the Fund concerned. Interest distributions can be made only where (very broadly) the market value of the Fund's qualifying investments in debt and debt-like securities exceeds 60% of the market value of all its assets throughout the accounting period to which it relates (these Funds are referred to as "**Bond Funds**"). Where a Fund does not have that level of debt or debt-like assets throughout its

accounting period then it must pay dividend distributions (these Funds are referred to as “**Equity Funds**”).

In the case of accumulation Shares, accumulated income (that is automatically retained in the Fund) is deemed to have been distributed to the Shareholder for tax purposes.

9.3.2 **Income - Equity Funds**

Funds which are so called “Equity” Funds for the purposes of tax will pay any distributable income as dividend distributions. In the case of accumulation Shares, such income will automatically be retained in the Fund although for tax purposes it will be treated as a distribution. Details of whether a particular Fund is an “Equity” Fund or a “Bond” Fund for tax purposes are set out in APPENDIX I.

UK resident individual Shareholders

When the Company makes a dividend distribution a UK resident individual Shareholder may be liable to tax on such distribution.

For UK resident individuals, no income tax is payable in respect of dividend income received from all sources in the tax year to the extent it falls within the annual dividend allowance (although such income will still count towards the basic, higher and additional rate thresholds). For dividends received above the annual dividend allowance in the tax year, the dividend income would be taxable at 7.5%, 32.5% and 38.1% for income falling within the basic rate, higher rate and additional rate bands respectively. The annual dividend allowance is £2,000 for the 2021/22 tax year.

Individuals should note that if the receipt of dividend income takes them from one band/tier of UK personal taxation to another, the tax due on the excess dividend income over the annual allowance will be at the rates applicable to the new band/tier.

A UK resident individual Shareholder who holds their Shares in an ISA will be exempt from income tax on dividend distributions in respect of such Shares.

Corporate Shareholders within the scope of corporation tax

A dividend distribution made by the Company in respect of Income Shares (or deemed to be made in respect of Accumulation Shares) to a corporate Shareholder within the charge to corporation tax in respect of its investment in the Company will be split into franked and unfranked parts according to

the underlying gross income of the Company. Very broadly, the unfranked part corresponds to such part of the Company's gross income as does not derive from franked investment income. The franked part will be treated in the same way as exempt dividend income received by a UK resident corporate Shareholder. The unfranked part will be treated as an annual payment received after deduction of income tax at the basic rate (currently 20%) from a corresponding gross amount and the corporate Shareholder will be liable to corporation tax on it accordingly, but (subject to any applicable restrictions) with the benefit of credit for, the income tax deducted at source.

9.3.3 **Income - Bond Funds**

Funds which are so called "Bond" Funds for the purposes of tax currently pay interest distributions (which will automatically be retained in the case of accumulation Shares, although for tax purposes the accumulation of income will be treated as a distribution). Details of whether a particular Fund is an "Equity" Fund or a "Bond" Fund for tax purposes are set out in APPENDIX I.

UK resident individual Shareholders will (subject to any available allowance) be subject to income tax at the relevant rate on any interest distributions (or deemed distribution from accumulation shares) from any Fund of the Company.

A UK resident individual Shareholder may be entitled to a personal savings allowance in each tax year (the amount of the allowance, if any, depends on whether the taxpayer is a basic, higher or additional rate taxpayer).

A UK resident individual Shareholder who holds their Shares in an ISA will be exempt from income tax on interest distributions in respect of such Shares.

A corporate Shareholder within the charge to UK corporation tax in respect of a shareholding will be subject to corporation tax on any interest distributions (or deemed distribution from accumulation shares) from any Fund of the Company.

Currently no Bond Funds are available within the Company.

9.3.4 **Income equalisation**

The first income allocation received by an investor after buying Shares may include an amount of income equalisation. This is effectively a repayment of an amount reflecting accrued income included in the purchase price paid by the investor. It is treated as a return of capital for tax purposes, and is

not subject to tax as income. Rather it should be deducted from the acquisition cost of the Shares in computing any capital gains realised on a subsequent disposal of the Shares. Equalisation will be applied on all of the Funds.

9.3.5 **Capital Gains**

UK resident individual Shareholders

An individual Shareholder will be liable to capital gains tax on any chargeable gain accruing on the disposal or deemed disposal (including redemption, switches and certain conversions) of Shares in the Company. Capital gains tax is generally charged at rates of 10% and 20%, dependent on an individual's total amount of taxable income and gains within the tax year. An individual Shareholder may also be entitled to set all or part of any gains against their annual capital gains tax exemption.

A UK resident individual Shareholder who holds their Shares in an ISA will be exempt from capital gains tax on any gain accruing on the disposal or deemed disposal of Shares.

Individual Shareholders will find further information in HMRC Help Sheets for the capital gains tax pages of their tax returns.

Corporate Shareholders within the scope of corporation tax

Subject to the possible application of the rules treating a shareholding in the Company as a loan relationship, a corporate Shareholder within the charge to corporation tax in respect of its investment in the Company will be liable to corporation tax on any chargeable gain accruing to it on the disposal or deemed disposal (including redemption, switches and certain conversions) of its Shares in the Company. An indexation allowance may be available to reduce or eliminate such a gain but not to create or increase an allowable loss (although it should be noted that indexation allowance was frozen with effect from 31 December 2017).

9.4 **Withholding tax**

Unless required by law at the time of the payment, dividend distributions and interest distributions (if any) paid to Shareholders, and any payments made on redemption of the Shares, will be paid with no income tax deducted from the payment.

9.5 **Inheritance Tax**

A gift by an individual Shareholder who is domiciled (or deemed domiciled) in the UK for inheritance tax purposes of their Shares in the Company or the death of such a

Shareholder may give rise to a liability to inheritance tax. For these purposes, a transfer of Shares at less than the full market value may be treated as a gift.

9.6 **Stamp Duty and Stamp Duty Reserve Tax (SDRT)**

There is generally no charge to UK stamp duty or SDRT on the surrender (i.e. the redemption or switch) of Shares.

Investors will, however, be liable to SDRT at 0.5% on acquiring Shares from a third party (that is other than on an issue of Shares by the Company). SDRT may also apply in cases where an investor redeems Shares in consideration of a transfer of assets of the Company other than cash (i.e. an in specie redemption) where that consideration is non-pro rata (i.e. not in proportion to the total assets of the Company).

9.7 **Information Reporting**

Shareholders should be aware that pursuant to various laws and regulations, including to implement agreements for the automatic exchange of information between tax authorities, information about certain Shareholders and their investments (including any interest distributions) may be required to be reported to HMRC.

If applicable, such information may be exchanged with tax authorities in another jurisdiction. In order to comply with such laws and regulations, Shareholders may be required to provide or certify certain information, including as regards their status and the jurisdiction in which they are resident for tax purposes.

In particular, the UK has implemented FATCA and the OECD Common Reporting Standard (CRS):

(a) OECD Common Reporting Standard (CRS)

To facilitate the automatic exchange of financial information between tax authorities in applicable jurisdictions, CRS countries must obtain information from relevant clients and exchange that information with the tax authorities of other CRS countries. In the UK the CRS system has been implemented pursuant to The International Tax Compliance Regulations 2015 (as amended).

(b) FATCA

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) is a piece of legislation introduced by the United States Government to help counter US tax evasion by encouraging more effective reporting of information.

In the UK, the principles of FATCA have been brought into local law. This means the ACD will need to provide information on US accounts to HMRC.

For further information on CRS and FATCA as implemented in UK law, please refer to the International Tax Reporting paragraph of this Prospectus which precedes the contents pages, and to paragraph 3.1.1 above.

(c) DAC6

Council Directive (EU) 2018/822 (“**DAC6**”) as it applies in the EU Member States, imposes mandatory disclosure requirements on intermediaries and, in certain circumstances, taxpayers effective from 1 July 2020 in respect of reportable cross-border arrangements implemented on or after 25 June 2018. The ACD, the Investment Manager, investors in the Fund, or any person that has advised or assisted could be legally obliged to file information in relation to the Fund and its activities with the competent authorities with a view to an automatic exchange of such information with EU Member States. Following the UK’s exit from the EU on 31 January 2020 and cessation of the subsequent “transition period” on 31 December 2020 the International Tax Enforcement (Disclosable Arrangements) (Amendment) (No. 2) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 were introduced, pursuant to which the UK disapplied the majority of the DAC6 hallmarks, although in certain circumstances DAC6 disclosures may still need to be made to HMRC.

10. WINDING UP OF THE COMPANY OR TERMINATION OR WINDING UP OF A FUND

The Company or a Fund will not be wound up except as an unregistered company under Part V of the Insolvency Act 1986 or under the COLL Sourcebook. A Fund may otherwise only be terminated under the COLL Sourcebook.

Where the Company is to be wound up or a Fund is to be terminated under the COLL Sourcebook, such winding up or termination may only be commenced following approval by the FCA. The FCA may only give such approval if the ACD provides a statement (following an investigation into the affairs of the Company or the Fund as the case may be) either that the Company or the Fund will be able to meet its liabilities within 12 months of the date of the statement or that the Company or the Fund will be unable to do so. The Company may not be wound up or a Fund terminated under the COLL Sourcebook if there is a vacancy in the position of ACD at the relevant time.

The Company may be wound up or a Fund must be terminated under the COLL Sourcebook:

- 10.1 if an extraordinary resolution to that effect is passed by Shareholders; or
- 10.2 when the period (if any) fixed for the duration of the Company or a particular Fund by the Instrument of Incorporation expires, or any event occurs on the occurrence of which the Instrument of Incorporation provides that the Company is to be wound up or a particular Fund terminated (for example, if the share capital of the Company or (in relation to any Fund) the Net Asset Value of the Fund is below £10 million, or if a change in the laws or regulations of any country means that, in the ACD's opinion, it is desirable to terminate the Fund); or
- 10.3 on the date stated in any agreement by the FCA to a request by the ACD for the revocation of the authorisation order in respect of the Company or for the termination of the relevant Fund; or
- 10.4 on the effective date of a duly approved scheme of arrangement which is to result in the Company or Fund ceasing to hold any Scheme Property; or
- 10.5 on the date on which all of the Funds fall within 10.4 above or have otherwise ceased to hold any Scheme Property notwithstanding that the Company may have assets and liabilities that are not attributable to any particular Fund.

On the occurrence of any of the above:

- 10.6 COLL 6.2 (Dealing), COLL 6.3 (Valuation and Pricing), COLL 6.6.20R to COLL 6.6.24G (Assessment of Value) (with effect from 30th September 2019) and COLL 5 (Investment and borrowing powers) will cease to apply to the Company or the relevant Fund;

- 10.7 the Company will cease to issue and cancel Shares in the Company or the relevant Fund and the ACD shall cease to sell or redeem Shares or arrange for the Company to issue or cancel them for the Company or the relevant Fund;
- 10.8 no transfer of a Share shall be registered and no other change to the Register of Shareholders shall be made without the sanction of the ACD;
- 10.9 where the Company is being wound up or Fund terminated, the Company or Fund shall cease to carry on its business except in so far as it is beneficial for the winding up of the Company or termination of the Fund; and
- 10.10 the corporate status and powers of the Company and subject to 10.4 to 10.7 above, the powers of the Depositary shall continue until the Company is dissolved.

The ACD shall, as soon as practicable after it is decided that the Company or the Fund is to be wound up or terminated (as appropriate), realise the assets and meet the liabilities of the Company or the Fund and, after paying out or retaining adequate provision for all liabilities properly payable and retaining provision for the costs of winding up or the termination, arrange for the Depositary to make one or more interim distributions out of the proceeds to Shareholders proportionately to their rights to participate in the property of the Company or the Fund. If the ACD has not previously notified Shareholders of the proposal to wind up the Company or terminate the Fund, the ACD shall, as soon as practicable after the commencement of winding up of the Company or the termination of the Fund, give written notice of the commencement to Shareholders. When the ACD has caused all of the property to be realised and all of the liabilities of the Company or the particular Fund to be realised, the ACD shall arrange for the Depositary to make a final distribution to Shareholders on or prior to the date on which the final account is sent to Shareholders of any balance remaining in proportion to their holdings in the Company or the particular Fund.

As soon as reasonably practicable after completion of the winding up of the Company or the termination of a particular Fund, the Depositary shall notify the FCA that the winding up or termination has been completed.

On completion of a winding up of the Company or termination of a Fund, the Company will be dissolved or the Fund terminated and any money (including unclaimed distributions) still standing to the account of the Company or the Fund, will be paid into court by the ACD within one month of the dissolution or the termination.

Following the completion of a winding up of the Company or termination of a Fund, the ACD must prepare a final account showing how the winding up or termination took place and how the property was distributed. The auditors of the Company shall make a report in respect of the final account stating their opinion as to whether the final account has been properly prepared. This final account and the auditors' report must be sent to the FCA and to each Shareholder (or the first named of joint Shareholders) on it within two months of the completion of the winding up or termination.

11. GENERAL INFORMATION

11.1 Accounting Periods

The annual accounting period of the Company ends each year on 31 December (the accounting reference date) with an interim accounting period ending on 30 June.

11.2 Income Allocations

Some Funds may have interim and final income allocations and other Funds may have quarterly income allocations and some Funds may only have final income allocation dates (see APPENDIX I). For each of the Funds income is allocated in respect of the income available at each accounting date.

In relation to income Shares, distributions of income are paid by cheque or BACS directly into a Shareholder's bank account on or before the relevant income allocation date in each year as set out in APPENDIX I. Income will normally be accumulated/distributed (as appropriate to the Share Class) within two months of the accounting date(s) but the ACD reserves the right to accumulate/pay at a later date but not later than four months after the accounting date(s) as permitted by the Regulations.

For Funds in which accumulation Shares are issued, income will become part of the capital property of the Fund and will be reflected in the price of each such accumulation Share as at the end of the relevant accounting period.

If a distribution made in relation to any income Shares remains unclaimed for a period of six years after it has become due, it will be forfeited and will revert to the relevant Fund (or, if that no longer exists, to the Company).

The amount available for accumulation or distribution in any accounting period is calculated by taking the aggregate of the income received or receivable for the account of the relevant Fund in respect of that period, and deducting the charges and expenses of the relevant Fund paid or payable out of income in respect of that accounting period. The ACD then makes such other adjustments as it considers appropriate (and after consulting the Company's auditors as appropriate) in relation to taxation, income equalisation, income unlikely to be received within 12 months following the relevant income allocation date, income which should not be accounted for on an accrual basis because of lack of information as to how it accrues, transfers between the income and capital account and other matters.

With the agreement of the Depositary individual amounts of income of £10 or less may not be paid.

11.3 **Annual Reports**

The annual report of the Company will normally be published within two months of each annual accounting period although the ACD reserves the right to publish the annual report at a later date but not later than four months from the end of each annual accounting period and the half yearly report will be published within two months of each interim accounting period. A long report containing the full accounts is available to any person free of charge at www.fundrock.com and upon request to the ACD directly.

11.4 **Documents of the Company**

The following documents may be inspected free of charge during normal business hours on any business day at the offices of the ACD at Bastion House, 6th floor, 140 London Wall, London, EC2Y 5DN:

11.4.1 the most recent annual and half yearly reports of the Company;

11.4.2 the Prospectus;

11.4.3 the Instrument of Incorporation (and any amending documents); and

11.4.4 the material contracts referred to below.

Shareholders may obtain copies of the above documents from the ACD. The ACD may make a charge at its discretion for copies of documents (apart from the most recent annual and half yearly reports of the Company, the Prospectus and the Instrument of Incorporation which are available free of charge).

11.5 **Material Contracts**

The following contracts, not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business, have been entered into by the Company and are, or may be, material:

11.5.1 the ACD Agreement dated 26 May 2009 between the Company and the ACD; and

11.5.2 the Depositary Agreement dated 23 March 2016 between the Company the Depositary and the ACD.

Details of the above contracts are given under the section "Management and Administration".

11.6 **Provision of Investment Advice**

All information concerning the Company and about investing in Shares of the Company is available from the ACD at PO Box 10449, Chelmsford CM99 2UU. The ACD is not authorised to give investment advice and persons requiring such advice should

consult a professional financial adviser. All applications for Shares are made solely on the basis of the current prospectus of the Company, and investors should ensure that they have the most up to date version.

11.7 Telephone Recordings

Please note that the ACD may record telephone calls for training and monitoring purposes and to confirm investors' instructions. Telephone recordings will be stored for up to 7 years.

11.8 Complaints

Complaints concerning the operation or marketing of the Company may be referred to the Complaints Officer of the ACD at PO Box 10449, Chelmsford CM99 2UU or, if you subsequently wish to take your complaint further, direct to the Financial Ombudsman Service at South Quay Plaza, 183 Marsh Wall, London E14 9SR.

11.9 Risk Management

The ACD will provide upon the request of a Shareholder further information relating to:

11.9.1 the quantitative limits applying in the risk management of any Fund;

11.9.2 the methods used in relation to 11.9.1; and

11.9.3 any recent development of the risk and yields of the main categories of investment.

11.10 Notices

All notices or documents required to be served on Shareholders shall be served by post to the address of such Shareholder as evidenced on the register. All documents and remittances are sent at the risk of the Shareholder.

11.11 Indemnity

The Instrument of Incorporation contains provisions indemnifying the Directors, other officers and the Company's auditors or the Depositary against liability in certain circumstances otherwise than in respect of their negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust, and indemnifying the Depositary against liability in certain circumstances otherwise than in respect of its failure to exercise due care and diligence in the discharge of its functions in respect of the Company.

11.12 Immovable or Movable Property

It is not intended that the Fund will have an interest in any immovable property or tangible movable property.

11.13 **Strategy for the exercise of voting rights**

The ACD has a strategy for determining when and how voting rights attached to ownership of Scheme Property are to be exercised for the benefit of each Fund. A summary of this strategy is available from www.fundrock.com as are the details of the actions taken on the basis of this strategy in relation to each Fund.

11.14 **Best Execution**

The Investment Manager's best execution policy sets out the basis upon which they will effect transactions and place orders in relation to the Company whilst complying with its obligations under the FCA Handbook to obtain the best possible result for the Company. Details of this policy can be obtained by contacting the Investment Manager.

11.15 **Inducements**

The ACD will make disclosures to the Company in relation to inducements as required by the FCA Handbook. Further details of any such inducements may be obtained on request from the ACD.

11.16 **Remuneration Disclosure**

FundRock Partners, as the ACD of a UK UCITS ("**UCITS Manager**"), has established and applies remuneration policies and practices for its staff that have a material impact on the risk profile of FundRock Partners or the Fund.

These practices must be consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management, not encourage risk taking which is inconsistent with the risk profile of the Fund as detailed in the Instrument of Incorporation or the Prospectus, and does not impair FundRock Partners' compliance with its duty to act in the best interest of the Fund it manages. Under the UCITS Remuneration Code, FundRock Partners are required to disclose how those individuals whose actions have a material impact on the Fund are remunerated.

FundRock Partners considers its activities as non complex due to the fact that regulation limits the UCITS strategies conducted and the scope of investment is in such a way that investor risk is mitigated. The discretion of FundRock Partners and the portfolio manager is strictly controlled within certain pre-defined parameters as determined in the prospectus of each UCITS. In its role as UCITS Manager, FundRock Partners deem themselves as lower risk due to the nature of the activities it conducts and the size of the firm. Therefore the remuneration strategy across FundRock Partners is governed by the FundRock Partners Board and FundRock Partners has chosen not to have a Remuneration Committee. The FundRock Partners Board has established a Remuneration Policy designed to ensure the UCITS Remuneration Code in the FCA Handbook is met proportionally for all UCITS Remuneration Code Staff.

The annual report of the Company and an up to date version of the ACD's remuneration policy including but not limited to, (i) a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated, and (ii) the identities of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits may be obtained free of charge from the ACD at FundRock Partners Limited - WHEB Asset Management, PO Box 10449, Chelmsford CM99 2UU or during normal business hours on 01268 44 8234 or from outside the UK on +44 (0)1268 44 8234. These documents are available in English.

APPENDIX I

FUND DETAILS

| | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Name: | FP WHEB Sustainability Fund |
| Type of Fund: | UK UCITS |
| FCA PRN: | 644507 |
| Launch date: | 26 May 2009 |
| First Dealing Day: | 8 June 2009 |
| Investment objective: | The aim of the Fund is to achieve capital growth over 5 years. |

Investment policy: The Fund will invest at least 80% of its assets in shares in companies anywhere in the world in sectors identified by the investment manager as providing solutions to sustainability challenges. There is no predetermined focus on business sector or geography, although concentrations will naturally emerge through stock selection.

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will hold cash on deposit up to 10% of the value of the Fund.

The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities (such as shares, debentures, government and public securities and warrants), funds, money market instruments* and near cash (which are non-cash assets that are highly liquid and easily converted to cash, such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit and treasury bills) .

The Fund may use derivatives (contracts where the value is linked to the expected future price movements of an underlying asset) for efficient portfolio management. This is in order to reduce the Fund's exposure to risk.

Individual investments are selected through a research process that analyses individual shares. The investment manager selects shares in companies that provide solutions to sustainability challenges falling within certain sustainable investment themes ("**Sustainable Investment Themes**") that include but are not limited to: (1) cleaner energy, (2) environmental services, (3) resource efficiency, (4) sustainable transport, (5) water management, (6) education, (7) health, (8) safety and (9) well-being. At least half of the

company's revenues must be derived from businesses with a positive impact related to the Fund's Sustainable Investment Themes. The Sustainable Investment Themes may change from time to time and further information on the Sustainable Investment Themes is available on the investment manager's website (<http://www.whebgroup.com/investment-strategy/>) or otherwise directly from the investment manager.

Additionally, the investment manager reviews the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") quality of a business as part of its investment process. The investment manager's research considers the robustness of risk management systems, governance processes, the extent of any involvement in controversial issues or activities and overall company alignment with sustainability issues and themes. Based on this analysis, the investment manager assesses the company's quality and suitability for the fund. If the company is, in the investment manager's view, exposed to excessive reputational risk, or has significant activity in areas that are not consistent with the investment philosophy of the fund, then it is unlikely to be selected for investment.

The investment manager will regularly monitor the companies in which the Fund invests against the above sustainable investment criteria. If it is the investment manager's opinion that an investee company no longer meets the sustainable investment criteria, the investment manager will not make any further investments in the company and will seek to realise its investment in such a company in an orderly fashion.

Further information on the investment manager's responsible investment policy is available on the investment manager's website (<http://www.whebgroup.com>).

*A money market instrument is a type of investment that is usually issued by banks or governments and is a short term loan to the issuer by the buyer. The buyer receives interest and the return of the original amount at the end of a certain period.

Benchmark:

MSCI World Index

For the purpose of providing comparable indicative returns only, investors should refer to the Index, which is used as a comparator benchmark.

The Index is used a comparator benchmark, because it is the most recognised measure of global equity returns.

Investment Association's (IA) IA Global sector peer group ("Peer Group")

Reference to the performance of the global equity funds peer group, is also a relevant comparator benchmark included in the Fund's reporting to compare the Fund's performance against the performance of other funds pursuing a similar objective.

However, neither the Index nor the Peer Group is used to constrain the construction of the portfolio or investment management decisions. Given the Fund's particular objective, the Fund's holdings typically have a very low level of overlap with either the MSCI World Index or the Peer Group. It is therefore not appropriate to categorise the Index as a target benchmark against which performance of the Fund is set or constraining benchmark which constrains the portfolio composition of the Fund. Instead the Index is used as a comparison tool to give context for the performance of the Fund. The ACD retains the option of adding additional comparator benchmarks in the future, where it is felt that it would be valuable for investors to have additional measures against which to compare the Fund.

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Final accounting date: | 31 December |
| Interim accounting dates: | 30 June |
| Income distribution dates: | 30 April |
| Valuation Point: | 12 noon |
| Cut Off Point: | 12 noon |
| Dealing frequency: | Daily on a Dealing Day |

| Classes of Share | Currency of denomination | Initial charge | Redemption charge | Management Fee | Minimum initial investment | Minimum subsequent investment | Minimum holding | Minimum redemption | Regular Savings Plan | Regular Withdrawal Facility |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Class A Accumulation * | Pounds Sterling | 0% | 0% | 1.68% | £1 | £1 | £1 | £1 | Yes, minimum payment of £100 per month | Yes (minimum withdrawal per fund year is £300 or 3% on a minimum qualifying investment of £10,000). This facility is not available if you are investing new money by direct debit in a savings scheme on a monthly basis. |
| Class A Accumulation * | USD | 0% | 0% | 1.68% | USD 1 | USD 1 | USD 1 | USD 1 | N/A | N/A |
| Class B Accumulation (Founder Shares – please see further below)** | Pounds Sterling | 0% | 0% | 0.55% | £10,000,000 | £500 | £10,000,000 | £500 | Yes, minimum payment of £100 per month | Yes (minimum withdrawal per fund year is £300 on a minimum qualifying investment of £10,000,000). This facility is not available if you are investing new money by direct debit in a savings scheme on a monthly basis. |
| Class C Accumulation ** | Pounds Sterling | 0% | 0% | 1.03% | £1 | £1 | £1 | £1 | Yes, minimum payment of £100 per month | Yes (minimum withdrawal per fund year is £300 or 3% on a minimum qualifying investment of £10,000). This facility is not available if you are investing new money by direct debit in a savings scheme on a monthly basis. |

| Classes of Share | Currency of denomination | Initial charge | Redemption charge | Management Fee | Minimum initial investment | Minimum subsequent investment | Minimum holding | Minimum redemption | Regular Savings Plan | Regular Withdrawal Facility |
|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Class C Income** | Pounds Sterling | 0% | 0% | 1.03% | £1 | £1 | £1 | £1 | Yes, minimum payment of £100 per month | N/A |
| Class C Accumulation** | EURO | 0% | 0% | 1.03% | €1 | €1 | €1 | €1 | N/A | N/A |
| Class C Accumulation** | Swiss Franc | 0% | 0% | 1.03% | CHF 1 | CHF 1 | CHF 1 | CHF 1 | N/A | N/A |
| Class C Accumulation** | USD | 0% | 0% | 1.03% | USD 1 | USD 1 | USD 1 | USD 1 | N/A | N/A |

| Classes of Share | Currency of denomination | Initial charge | Redemption charge | Management Fee | Minimum initial investment | Minimum subsequent investment | Minimum holding | Minimum redemption | Regular Savings Plan | Regular Withdrawal Facility |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Class D Accumulation *** | GBP | 0% | 0% | 0.93% | £25,000,000 | £1 | £25,000,000 | £1 | N/A | N/A |
| Class D Income*** | GBP | 0% | 0% | 0.93% | £25,000,000 | £1 | £25,000,000 | £1 | N/A | N/A |
| Class R Accumulation † | GBP | 0% | 0% | 1.13% | £1 | £1 | £1 | £1 | Yes, minimum payment of £100 per month | Yes (minimum withdrawal per fund year is £300 or 3% on a minimum qualifying investment of £10,000). This facility is not available if you are investing new money by direct debit in a savings scheme on a monthly basis. |

*A share classes are generally available to overseas advisers***

*** At the absolute discretion of the ACD , UK based investors may be allowed to invest in this share class.*

**** All share classes double asterisks (**) are Sponsor controlled share classes for use by intermediaries and institutional investors. Investment in these classes is at the absolute discretion of the ACD.**

Additionally ** Class B Accumulation - Founder Shares – please see further detail below

It has always been the ACD's intention that Class B shares (which are Founder Shares) would only be available for investment by new "Founder Shareholders" until the total net assets qualifying for or attributable to Class B shares approaches £100m (the "Class B Shares Investment Target"). To be eligible as a Founder Shareholder, an investor must hold at least £10m across the Fund's share classes.

Upon attaining the Class B Shares Investment Target, the ACD will cease admitting any new Founder Shareholders. Existing Founder Shareholders will still be able to make subsequent investments into the Class B Shares subject to meeting the minimum investment requirements as set out above (and the eligibility criteria for a Founder Shareholder).

At the discretion of the ACD, no further investment in Class B Shares is permitted by investors who are not Founder Shareholders. For investors who do not meet the eligibility criteria for a Founder Shareholder any subscription for investment in Class B Shares will be rejected and the ACD will inform the investor of which other eligible share classes are available for investment. Additional investments in Class B shares would be permitted at the ACD's discretion, if an investor previously qualified as a Founder Shareholder but the value of the investor's investment across the Fund's share classes falls below £10,000,000 as a result of price movements.

***** D share classes are Sponsor controlled share classes for use by intermediary and institutional managed / advised investments with a minimum holding of £25 million.**

† R share class is open to retail (non-professional) direct UK investors, via application form available at www.fundrock.com or via the Digital Investor portal at www.myaccount.whebgroup.com.

ISA status: The Pounds Sterling share classes are qualifying investments for stocks and shares component.

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Charges taken from income: | Accumulation Shares | Income Shares |
| | Yes | The Management Fee of the ACD is taken from capital but other expenses are taken from income. |

Past performance: Past performance information is set out in APPENDIX VI.

Status of Fund for tax purposes: The Fund is an Equity Fund for the purposes of tax.

Whether Shares will be issued in any other currency: Not beyond the current offering (GBP, EUR and CHF)

APPENDIX II

ELIGIBLE SECURITIES MARKETS AND ELIGIBLE DERIVATIVES MARKETS

Each Fund may deal through securities and derivative markets which are regulated markets (as defined in the FCA Handbook); and meet the requirements for Eligible Markets as set out in COLL 5.2.10 which includes any market which is regulated, operates regularly and is open to the public located in the UK or an EEA State*.

*Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Lithuania, Latvia, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Spain, Sweden, Slovenia and Slovakia.

Detailed below are the additional eligible markets on which the Funds are currently permitted to deal.

Please note that some of the eligible markets may not be open currently. They will only be opened once all requisite due diligence has been completed.

| For approved securities |
|-----------------------------------------------|
| NYSE American (previously known as NYSE MKT) |
| Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) |
| NASDAQ (OMX) BX |
| BM & F BOVESPA SA |
| Channel Islands Securities Exchange |
| Chicago Stock Exchange (CHX) |
| Hong Kong Exchange |
| BSE (formerly known as Bombay Stock Exchange) |
| Korea Exchange |
| Toronto Stock Exchange |
| NASDAQ Capital Market |
| National Stock Exchange of India |
| New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) |
| NEW ZEALAND EXCHANGE LTD |
| NYSE Arca |
| Osaka Exchange |
| NASDAQ OMX PHLX |
| SGX - Singapore Exchange |
| SIX Swiss Exchange |
| Tokyo Stock Exchange |

| For approved derivatives |
|------------------------------------------|
| Chicago Board of Options Exchange (CBOE) |
| Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT) |
| CME Group (Chicago Mercantile Exchange) |
| New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX) |
| NYSE Arca |
| Montreal Exchange (MX) |

APPENDIX III

LIST OF DELEGATES AND SUB-DELEGATES

Depository's delegate

Citibank N.A.

Depository's sub-delegates

| | |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Australia | Citigroup Pty. Limited |
| Austria | Citibank Europe plc |
| Bahrain | Citibank, N.A., Bahrain Branch |
| Bangladesh | Citibank, N.A., Bangladesh Branch |
| Belgium | Citibank Europe plc |
| Bermuda | The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited acting through its agent, HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina (Sarajevo) | UniCredit Bank d.d. |
| Bosnia-Herzegovina: Srpska (Banja Luka) | UniCredit Bank d.d. |
| Botswana | Standard Chartered Bank of Botswana Limited |
| Brazil | Citibank, N.A., Brazilian Branch |
| Bulgaria | Citibank Europe plc Bulgaria Branch |
| Canada | Citibank Canada |
| Chile | Banco de Chile |
| | |

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| China B Shanghai | Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch (For China B shares) |
| China B Shenzhen | Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch (For China B shares) |
| China A Shares | Citibank (China) Co., Ltd (China A shares) |
| China Hong Kong Stock Connect | Citibank, N.A., Hong Kong Branch |
| Clearstream ICSD | |
| Colombia | Cititrust Colombia S.A. Sociedad Fiduciaria |
| Costa Rica | Banco Nacional de Costa Rica |
| Croatia | Privedna Banka Zagreb d.d. |
| Cyprus | Citibank Europe plc, Greece Branch |
| Czech Republic | Citibank Europe plc, organizacni slozka |
| Denmark | Citibank Europe plc |
| Egypt | Citibank, N.A., Egypt |
| Estonia | Swedbank AS |
| Euroclear | Euroclear Bank SA/NV |
| Finland | Citibank Europe plc |
| France | Citibank Europe plc |
| Georgia | JSC Bank of Georgia |
| Germany | Citibank Europe plc |
| Ghana | Standard Chartered Bank of Ghana Limited |
| Greece | Citibank Europe plc, Greece Branch |

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hong Kong | Citibank N.A., Hong Kong Branch |
| Hungary | Citibank Europe plc, Hungarian Branch Office |
| Iceland | Islandsbanki hf |
| India | Citibank, N.A. Mumbai Branch |
| Indonesia | Citibank, N.A., Jakarta Branch |
| Ireland | Citibank N.A., London Branch |
| Israel | Citibank, N.A., Israel Branch |
| Italy | Citibank Europe plc |
| Jamaica | Scotia Investments Jamaica Limited |
| Japan | Citibank N.A., Tokyo Branch |
| Jordan | Standard Chartered Bank Jordan Branch |
| Kazakhstan | Citibank Kazakhstan JSC |
| Kenya | Standard Chartered Bank Kenya Limited |
| Korea (South) | Citibank Korea Inc. |
| Kuwait | Citibank N.A., Kuwait Branch |
| Latvia | Swedbank AS, based in Estonia and acting through its Latvian branch, Swedbank AS |
| Lithuania | Swedbank AS, based in Estonia and acting through its Lithuanian branch, Swedbank AB |
| Luxembourg | only offered through the ICSDs- Euroclear & Clearstream |
| Macedonia | Raiffeisen Bank International AG |

| | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Malaysia | Citibank Berhad |
| Malta | Citibank is a direct member of Clearstream Banking, which is an ICSD. |
| Mauritius | The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited |
| Mexico | Banco Nacional de Mexico, SA |
| Morocco | Citibank Maghreb S.A |
| Netherlands | Citibank Europe plc |
| New Zealand | Citibank, N.A., New Zealand Branch |
| Nigeria | Citibank Nigeria Limited |
| Norway | Citibank Europe plc |
| Oman | The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited acting through its agent, HSBC Bank Oman S.A.O.G |
| Pakistan | Citibank, N.A., Pakistan Branch |
| Panama | Citibank N.A., Panama Branch |
| Peru | Citibank del Peru S.A |
| Philippines | Citibank, N.A., Philippine Branch |
| Poland | Bank Handlowy w Warszawie SA |
| Portugal | Citibank Europe plc |
| Qatar | The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited acting through its agent, HSBC Bank Middle East Limited |
| Romania | Citibank Europe plc, Dublin - Romania Branch |
| Saudi Arabia | The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited acting through its agent, HSBC Saudi Arabia Ltd. |

| | |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Serbia | UniCredit Bank Srbija a.d. |
| Singapore | Citibank, N.A., Singapore Branch |
| Slovak Republic | Citibank Europe plc pobočka zahraničnej banky |
| Slovenia | UniCredit Banka Slovenia d.d. Ljubljana |
| South Africa | Citibank N.A., South Africa Branch |
| Spain | Citibank Europe plc |
| Sri Lanka | Citibank, N.A. Sri Lanka Branch |
| Sweden | Citibank Europe plc, Sweden Branch |
| Switzerland | Citibank N.A., London Branch |
| Taiwan | Citibank Taiwan Limited |
| Tanzania | Standard Bank of South Africa acting through its affiliate Stanbic Bank Tanzania Ltd |
| Thailand | Citibank, N.A., Bangkok Branch |
| Tunisia | Union Internationale de Banques |
| Turkey | Citibank, A.S. |
| UAE- Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange | Citibank N.A., UAE |
| United Arab Emirates DFM | Citibank N.A., UAE |
| United Arab Emirates NASDAQ Dubai | Citibank N.A., UAE |
| United Kingdom | Citibank N.A., London Branch |
| United States | Citibank N.A., New York offices |

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Uruguay | Banco Itau Uruguay S.A. |
| Vietnam | Citibank N.A., Hanoi Branch |

APPENDIX IV

INVESTMENT AND BORROWING POWERS OF THE COMPANY

1. General

The Scheme Property of each Fund will be invested with the aim of achieving the investment objective of that Fund but subject to the limits set out in the investment policy, this Prospectus and the limits set out in Chapter 5 of the COLL Sourcebook ("**COLL 5**") that are applicable to UK UCITS. These limits apply to each of the Funds as summarised below.

Normally, a Fund will be fully invested save for an amount to enable the pursuit of a Funds investment objectives, redemption of Shares, efficient management of the Fund in relation to its strategic objectives and other purposes which may be reasonably regarded as ancillary to the investment objectives of the Fund. This amount will vary depending upon prevailing circumstances and although it would normally not exceed 10% of the total value of each Fund, there may be times when the Investment Manager considers stock markets to be overpriced or that a period of instability exists which presents unusual risks. In such cases or during such periods, a higher level of liquidity may be maintained and, if considered prudent, the amount of fixed interest, cash or near cash instruments held would be increased. Unless market conditions were deemed unusually risky, the increased amount and period would not be expected to exceed 30% and six months respectively.

1.1 Prudent spread of risk

The ACD must ensure that, taking account of the investment objectives and policy of each Fund, the Scheme Property of each Fund aims to provide a prudent spread of risk.

1.2 Treatment of obligations

1.2.1 Where the COLL Sourcebook allows a transaction to be entered into or an investment to be retained only (for example, investment in warrants and nil and partly paid securities and the general power to accept or underwrite) if possible obligations arising out of the investment transactions or out of the retention would not cause any breach of any limits in COLL 5, it must be assumed that the maximum possible liability of the Fund under any other of those rules has also to be provided for.

1.2.2 Where a rule in the COLL Sourcebook permits an investment transaction to be entered into or an investment to be retained only if that investment transaction, or the retention, or other similar transactions, are covered:

- 1.2.2.1 it must be assumed that in applying any of those rules, the Fund must also simultaneously satisfy any other obligation relating to cover; and
- 1.2.2.2 no element of cover must be used more than once.

1.3 **Transferable Securities**

- 1.3.1 A transferable security is an investment falling within article 76 (Shares etc.), article 77 (instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness), article 77A (alternative debentures), article 78 (government and public securities), article 79 (instruments giving entitlement to investments) and article 80 (certificates representing certain securities) of the Regulated Activities Order.
- 1.3.2 An investment is not a transferable security if the title to it cannot be transferred, or can be transferred only with the consent of a third party.
- 1.3.3 In applying paragraph 1.3.2 of this Appendix to an investment which is issued by a body corporate, and which is an investment falling within articles 76 (shares, etc.), 77 (instruments creating or acknowledging indebtedness) or article 77a (alternative debentures) of the Regulated Activities Order, the need for any consent on the part of the body corporate or any members or debenture holders of it may be ignored.
- 1.3.4 An investment is not a transferable security unless the liability of the holder of it to contribute to the debts of the issuer is limited to any amount for the time being unpaid by the holder of it in respect of the investment.
- 1.3.5 A Fund may invest in a transferable security only to the extent that the transferable security fulfils the following criteria:
 - 1.3.5.1 the potential loss which the Fund may incur with respect to holding the transferable security is limited to the amount paid for it;
 - 1.3.5.2 its liquidity does not compromise the ability of the ACD to comply with its obligation to redeem Shares at the request of any qualifying Shareholder under the COLL Sourcebook;
 - 1.3.5.3 reliable valuation is available for it as follows:
 - (a) in the case of a transferable security admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there are accurate, reliable and regular prices which are either market prices or prices made available by valuation systems independent from issuers;

- (b) in the case of a transferable security not admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there is a valuation on a periodic basis which is derived from information from the issuer of the transferable security or from competent investment research;
- 1.3.5.4 appropriate information is available for it as follows:
- (a) in the case of a transferable security admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there is regular, accurate and comprehensive information available to the market on the transferable security or, where relevant, on the portfolio of the transferable security;
 - (b) in the case of a transferable security not admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, where there is regular and accurate information available to the ACD on the transferable security or, where relevant, on the portfolio of the transferable security;
- 1.3.5.5 it is negotiable; and
- 1.3.5.6 its risks are adequately captured by the risk management process of the ACD.
- 1.3.6 Unless there is information available to the ACD that would lead to a different determination, a transferable security which is admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market shall be presumed:
- 1.3.6.1 not to compromise the ability of the ACD to comply with its obligation to redeem Shares at the request of any qualifying Shareholder; and
 - 1.3.6.2 to be negotiable.
- 1.3.7 A unit or share in a closed end fund shall be taken to be a transferable security for the purposes of investment by a Fund, provided it fulfils the criteria for transferable securities set out in paragraph 1.3.5 above and either:
- 1.3.7.1 where the closed end fund is constituted as an investment company or a unit trust:
 - (a) it is subject to corporate governance mechanisms applied to companies; and
 - (b) where another person carries out asset management activity on its behalf, that person is subject to national regulation for the purpose of investor protection; or

- 1.3.7.2 where the closed end fund is constituted under the law of contract:
 - (a) it is subject to corporate governance mechanisms equivalent to those applied to companies; and
 - (b) it is managed by a person who is subject to national regulation for the purpose of investor protection.
- 1.3.8 A Fund may invest in any other investment which shall be taken to be a transferable security for the purposes of investment by a Fund provided the investment:
 - 1.3.8.1 fulfils the criteria for transferable securities set out in paragraph 1.3.5 above; and
 - 1.3.8.2 is backed by or linked to the performance of other assets, which may differ from those in which a Fund can invest.
- 1.3.9 Where an investment in paragraph 1.3.8 contains an embedded derivative component (as described below), the requirements of this paragraph with respect to derivatives and forwards will apply to that component.

2. **UK UCITS - general**

- 2.1 Subject to the investment objectives and policy of a Fund, the Scheme Property of a Fund must, except where otherwise provided in COLL 5 only consist of any or all of:
 - 2.1.1 transferable securities;
 - 2.1.2 approved money market instruments;
 - 2.1.3 permitted units or shares in permitted collective investment schemes;
 - 2.1.4 permitted derivatives and forward transactions; and
 - 2.1.5 permitted deposits.
- 2.2 Transferable securities and money market instruments held within a Fund must (subject to paragraph 2.3 of this Appendix) be:
 - 2.2.1 admitted to or dealt on an eligible market as described below; or
 - 2.2.2 dealt in on a market in the UK or an EEA State which is regulated, operates regularly and is open to the public; or
 - 2.2.3 admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market which has been designated an eligible market by the ACD in consultation with the Depositary (as described below); or

- 2.2.4 a money-market instrument within COLL 5.2.10 AR(1) (is as described in paragraph 9.5 of "Investment in approved money market instruments" below); or
- 2.2.5 recently issued transferable securities provided that:
 - 2.2.5.1 the terms of issue include an undertaking that application will be made to be admitted to an eligible market; and
 - 2.2.5.2 such admission is secured within a year of issue.
- 2.3 Not more than 10% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund may consist of transferable securities, which do not fall within paragraph 2.2 or of approved money market instruments, which do not fall within COLL 5.2.10 AR(1) (i.e. as described in paragraph 9.5 of "Investment in approved money market instruments" below).
- 2.4 The requirements on spread of investments generally and in relation to investment in government and public securities do not apply during any period in which it is not reasonably practical to comply, provided that the requirement to maintain prudent spread of risk in paragraph 1.1 of this Appendix is complied with.
- 3. **Eligible markets regime: purpose**
 - 3.1 To protect investors the markets on which investments of a Fund are dealt in or traded on should be of an adequate quality ("**eligible**") at the time of acquisition of the investment and until it is sold.
 - 3.2 Where a market ceases to be eligible, investments on that market cease to be approved securities. The 10% restriction on investing in non approved securities applies and exceeding this limit because a market ceases to be eligible will generally be regarded as an inadvertent breach.
 - 3.3 A market is eligible for the purposes of the rules if it is:
 - 3.3.1 a regulated market as defined in the FCA Handbook; or
 - 3.3.2 a market established in the UK or an EEA State which is regulated, operates regularly, and is open to the public.
 - 3.4 A market not falling within paragraph 3.3 of this Appendix is eligible for the purposes of COLL 5 if:
 - 3.4.1 the ACD, after consultation and notification with the Depositary, decides that market is appropriate for investment of, or dealing in, the Scheme Property of a Fund;
 - 3.4.2 the market is included in a list in the Prospectus; and
 - 3.4.3 the Depositary has taken reasonable care to determine that:

3.4.3.1 adequate custody arrangements can be provided for the investment dealt in on that market; and

3.4.3.2 all reasonable steps have been taken by the ACD in deciding whether that market is eligible.

3.5 In paragraph 3.4.1, a market must not be considered appropriate unless it is regulated, operates regularly, is recognised as a market or exchange or as a self regulating organisation by an overseas regulator, is open to the public, is adequately liquid and has adequate arrangements for unimpeded transmission of income and capital to or for the order of investors.

4. **Spread: general**

4.1 This rule on spread does not apply to government and public securities.

4.2 For the purposes of this requirement companies included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts as defined in accordance with s.399 of the Companies Act 2006, Directive 2013/34/EU or in the same group in accordance with international accounting standards are regarded as a single body.

4.3 Not more than 20% in the value of the Scheme Property of a Fund is to consist of deposits with a single body.

4.4 Not more than 5% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund is to consist of transferable securities (or certificates representing such securities) or approved money market instruments issued by any single body, except that the limit of 5% is raised to 10% in respect of up to 40% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund (covered bonds need not be taken into account for the purposes of applying the limit of 40%).

4.5 The limit of 5% is raised to 25% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund in respect of covered bonds provided that when a Fund invests more than 5% in covered bonds issued by a single body, the total value of covered bonds held must not exceed 80% in value of the Scheme Property.

4.6 The exposure to any one counterparty in an OTC derivative transaction must not exceed 5% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund. This limit is raised to 10% where the counterparty is an Approved Bank.

4.7 To the extent that a Fund is not restricted as to how much it may invest in another collective investment scheme by paragraph 7.1 below, not more than 20% in value of the Scheme Property is to consist of the units or shares of any one collective investment scheme.

4.8 Not more than 20% in value of the Scheme Property may consist of transferable securities and approved money market instruments issued by the same group.

4.9 In applying the limits in paragraphs 4.3, 4.4 and 4.6 and subject to paragraph 4.5 not more than 20% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund is to consist of any combination of two or more of the following:

- transferable securities (including covered bonds) or approved money market instruments issued by; or
- deposits made with; or
- exposures from OTC derivatives transactions made with, a single body.

5. **Counterparty risk and issuer concentration**

5.1 The ACD must ensure that counterparty risk arising from an OTC derivative is subject to the limits set out in paragraphs 4.6 and 4.9 above.

5.2 When calculating the exposure of a Fund to a counterparty in accordance with the limits in paragraph 4.6 above, the ACD must use the positive mark-to-market value of the OTC derivative contract with that counterparty.

5.3 An ACD may net the OTC derivative positions of a Fund with the same counterparty, provided they are able legally to enforce netting agreements with the counterparty on behalf of the Fund.

5.4 The netting agreements in paragraph 5.2 are permissible only with respect to OTC derivatives with the same counterparty and not in relation to any other exposures the Fund may have with that same counterparty.

5.5 The ACD may reduce the exposure of Scheme Property to a counterparty of an OTC derivative through the receipt of collateral. Collateral received must be sufficiently liquid so that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to its pre-sale valuation.

5.6 The ACD must take collateral into account in calculating exposure to counterparty risk in accordance with the limits in paragraph 4.6 above when it passes collateral to an OTC counterparty on behalf of a Fund.

- 5.7 Collateral passed in accordance with paragraph 4.6 may be taken into account on a net basis only if the ACD is able legally to enforce netting arrangements with this counterparty on behalf of a Fund.
- 5.8 The ACD must calculate the issuer concentration limits referred to in paragraph 4.6 above on the basis of the underlying exposure created through the use of OTC derivatives pursuant to the commitment approach.
- 5.9 In relation to the exposure arising from OTC derivatives as referred to in paragraph 4.9, the ACD must include any exposure to OTC derivative counterparty risk in the calculation.

6. **Spread: government and public securities**

6.1 The following paragraph applies in respect of a transferable security or an approved money-market instrument ("**such securities**") issued by:

- 6.1.1 the UK or an EEA State;
- 6.1.2 a local authority of the UK or an EEA State;
- 6.1.3 a non-EEA State; or
- 6.1.4 a public international body to which the UK or one or more EEA States belong.

6.2 Where no more than 35% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund is invested in such securities issued by any one body, there is no limit on the amount which may be invested in such securities or in any one issue.

6.3 The Company or any Fund may invest more than 35% in value of the Scheme Property of a Fund in such securities issued by any one body provided that:

- 6.3.1 the ACD has before any such investment is made consulted with the Depositary and as a result considers that the issuer of such securities is one which is appropriate in accordance with the investment objectives of the authorised Fund;
- 6.3.2 no more than 30% in value of the Scheme Property consists of such securities of any one issue;
- 6.3.3 the Scheme Property of a Fund includes such securities issued by that or another issuer, of at least six different issues;
- 6.3.4 the disclosures in the Prospectus required by the FCA have been made.

6.4 In giving effect to the foregoing object no funds currently invest more than 35% of their Scheme Property in Government and other public securities issued by any one body.

6.5 Notwithstanding 4.1 and subject to 6.2 and 6.3 above, in applying the 20% limit in 4.9 with respect to a single body, government and public securities issued by that body shall be taken into account.

7. **Investment in collective investment schemes**

7.1 Not more than 10% of the value of the Scheme Property of any Fund may be invested in units or shares in other collective investment schemes ("**Second Scheme**") provided that Second Scheme satisfies all of the following conditions:

7.1.1 The Second Scheme must be:

7.1.1.1 a UK UCITS or satisfy the conditions necessary for it to enjoy the rights conferred by the UCITS Directive as implemented in the EEA; or

7.1.1.2 a recognised scheme that is authorised by the supervisory authorities of Guernsey, Jersey or the Isle of Man (provided the requirements of COLL 5.2.13AR are met); or

7.1.1.3 authorised as a non-UCITS Retail Scheme (provided that the requirements of COLL 5.2.13AR(1),(3) and (4) are met); or

7.1.1.4 authorised in an EEA State (provided the requirements of COLL 5.2.13AR are met); or

7.1.1.5 be authorised by the competent authority of an OECD member country (other than an EEA State) which has:

(i) signed the IOSCO Multilateral Memorandum of Understanding;
and

(ii) approved the Second Scheme's management company, rules and depositary/custody arrangements,

(provided the requirements of COLL 5.2.13AR are met).

7.1.2 The Second Scheme has terms which prohibit more than 10% in value of the scheme property consisting of units or shares in collective investment schemes.

7.1.3 Where the Second Scheme is an umbrella, the provisions in paragraph 7.1.1.2 apply to each sub-fund as if it were a separate scheme.

7.2 The requirements of COLL 5.2.13AR referred to in clause 7.1 above are that:

7.2.1 The second scheme is an undertaking:

- 7.2.1.1 with the sole object of collective investment in transferable securities or in other liquid financial assets, of capital raised from the public and which operates on the principle of risk-spreading;
 - 7.2.1.2 with the which are, at the request of holders, repurchased or redeemed, directly or indirectly, out of those undertakings' assets (action taken by a scheme to ensure that the price of its units on an investment exchange does not significantly vary from their net asset value shall be regarded as equivalent to such repurchase or redemption);
 - 7.2.2 the second scheme is authorised under laws which provide that they are subject to supervision considered by the FCA to be equivalent to that laid down in the law of the UK, and that cooperation between the FCA and the supervisory authorities of the second scheme is sufficiently ensured;
 - 7.2.3 the level of protection for unitholders in the second scheme is equivalent to that provided for unitholders in a UK UCITS, and in particular that the rules on asset segregation, borrowing, lending, and uncovered sales of transferable securities and approved money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of this chapter; and
 - 7.2.4 the business of the second scheme is reporting in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment to be made of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period.
- 7.3 The Scheme Property attributable to a Fund may include Shares in another Fund of the Company (a "**Second Fund**") subject to the requirements of paragraph 7.4 below.
- 7.4 A Fund may invest in or dispose of Shares of a Second Fund provided that:
- 7.4.1 the Second Fund does not hold Shares in any other Fund of the Company;
 - 7.4.2 the requirements set out at paragraphs 7.5 and 7.6 below are complied with; and
 - 7.4.3 not more than 35% in value of the Scheme Property of the investing or disposing Fund is to consist of Shares in the Second Fund.
- 7.5 The Funds may, subject to the limit set out in paragraph 7.1 above, invest in collective investment schemes managed or operated by, or whose authorised corporate director is, the ACD of the Funds or one of its associates.
- 7.6 Investment may only be made in a Second Fund or other collective investment schemes managed by the ACD or an Associate of the ACD if the Prospectus of the

Company clearly states that the Funds may enter into such investments and the rules on double charging contained in the COLL Sourcebook are complied with.

7.7 Where a Fund of the Company invests in or disposes of Shares in a Second Fund or units or shares in another collective investment scheme which is managed or operated by the ACD or an Associate of the ACD, the ACD must pay to that Fund by the close of business on the fourth business day the amount of any preliminary charge in respect of a purchase, and in the case of a sale, any charge made for the disposal.

8. **Investment in nil and partly paid securities**

8.1 A transferable security or an approved money market instrument on which any sum is unpaid falls within a power of investment only if it is reasonably foreseeable that the amount of any existing and potential call for any sum unpaid could be paid by the Fund, at the time when payment is required, without contravening the rules in COLL 5.

8.2 A warrant which is an investment falling within article 80 of the Regulated Activities Order (certificates representing certain securities) and which is akin to an investment falling within Article 79 (instruments giving entitlement to investments) of the Regulated Activities Order may not be included in the Scheme Property unless it is listed on an eligible securities market.

8.3 Up to 5% of the value of the Scheme Property may be invested in warrants.

9. **Investment in approved money market instruments**

9.1 A Fund may invest in approved money market instruments which are money market instruments normally dealt in on the money market, are liquid and whose value can be accurately determined at any time.

9.2 A money-market instrument shall be regarded as normally dealt in on the money market if it:

- (a) has a maturity at issuance of up to and including 397 days;
- (b) has a residual maturity of up to and including 397 days;
- (c) undergoes regular yield adjustments in line with money market conditions at least every 397 days; or
- (d) has a risk profile, including credit and interest rate risks, corresponding to that of an instrument which has a maturity as set out in paragraph 9.2(a) or paragraph 9.2(b) or is subject to yield adjustments as set out in paragraph 9.2(c).

- 9.3 A money-market instrument shall be regarded as liquid if it can be sold at limited cost in an adequately short time frame, taking into account the obligation of the ACD to redeem Shares at the request of any qualifying Shareholder.
- 9.4 A money-market instrument shall be regarded as having a value which can be accurately determined at any time if accurate and reliable valuations systems, which fulfil the following criteria, are available:
- (a) enabling the ACD to calculate a net asset value in accordance with the value at which the instrument held in the Fund could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction; and
 - (b) based either on market data or on valuation models including systems based on amortised costs.
 - (c) A money-market instrument that is normally dealt in on the money market and is admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market shall be presumed to be liquid and have a value which can be accurately determined at any time unless there is information available to the ACD that would lead to a different determination.
- 9.5 In addition to instruments admitted to or dealt in on an eligible market, a Fund may invest in an approved money-market instrument provided it fulfils the following requirements:
- (a) the issue or the issuer is regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings; and
 - (b) the instrument is issued or guaranteed in accordance with paragraph 9.7 below.
- 9.6 The issue or the issuer of a money-market instrument, other than one dealt in on an eligible market, shall be regarded as regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings if:
- (a) the instrument is an approved money-market instrument;
 - (b) appropriate information is available for the instrument (including information which allows an appropriate assessment of the credit risks related to investment in it), in accordance with paragraphs 9.9, 9.10 and 9.11 below; and
 - (c) the instrument is freely transferable.
- 9.7 A Fund may invest in an approved money-market instrument if it is:
- (a) issued or guaranteed by any one of the following:
 - (i) a central authority of the UK or an EEA State, or if the EEA State is a federal state, one of the members making up the federation;
 - (ii) a regional or local authority of the UK or an EEA State;

- (iii) the Bank of England, the European Central Bank or a central bank of an EEA State;
 - (iv) the European Union or the European Investment Bank;
 - (v) a non-EEA State or, in the case of a federal state, one of the members making up the federation;
 - (vi) a public international body to which the UK or one or more EEA States belong; or
- (b) issued by a body, any securities of which are dealt in on an eligible market; or
- (c) issued or guaranteed by an establishment which is:
- (i) subject to prudential supervision in accordance with criteria defined by UK or EU law; or
 - (ii) subject to and complies with prudential rules considered by the FCA to be at least as stringent as those laid down by UK or EU.

9.8 An establishment shall be considered to satisfy the requirement in paragraph 9.7(c)(ii) if it is subject to and complies with prudential rules, and fulfils one or more of the following criteria:

- (a) it is located in the UK or EEA
- (b) it is located in an OECD country belonging to the Group of Ten;
- (c) it has at least investment grade rating;
- (d) on the basis of an in-depth analysis of the issuer, it can be demonstrated that the prudential rules applicable to that issuer are at least as stringent as those laid down by UK or EU law.

9.9 In the case of an approved money-market instrument within paragraphs 9.7 and 9.8 above or issued by a body of the type referred to in COLL 5.2.10EG, or which is issued by an authority within paragraph 9.7(a)(ii) or a public international body within paragraph 9.7(a)(vi) but is not guaranteed by a central authority within paragraph 9.7(a)(i), the following information must be available:

- (a) information on both the issue or the issuance programme, and the legal and financial situation of the issuer prior to the issue of the instrument, verified by appropriately qualified third parties not subject to instructions from the issuer;
- (b) updates of that information on a regular basis and whenever a significant event occurs; and
- (c) available and reliable statistics on the issue or the issuance programme.

- 9.10 In the case of an approved money-market instrument issued or guaranteed by an establishment within paragraph 9.7(c), the following information must be available:
- (a) information on the issue or the issuance programme or on the legal and financial situation of the issuer prior to the issue of the instrument;
 - (b) updates of that information on a regular basis and whenever a significant event occurs; and
 - (c) available and reliable statistics on the issue or the issuance programme, or other data enabling an appropriate assessment of the credit risks related to investment in those instruments.

9.11 In the case of an approved money-market instrument:

- (a) within paragraphs 9.7(a)(i), 9.7(a)(iv) or 9.7(a)(v); or
- (b) which is issued by an authority within paragraph 9.7(a)(ii) or a public international body within paragraph 9.7(a)(vi) and is guaranteed by a central authority within paragraph 9.7(a)(i);

information must be available on the issue or the issuance programme, or on the legal and financial situation of the issuer prior to the issue of the instrument.

10 **Efficient Portfolio Management**

10.1 The Funds may utilise property to enter into transactions for the purposes of Efficient Portfolio Management. There is no limit on the amount or value of the Scheme Property which may be used for EPM but the ACD must ensure that the transaction is economically appropriate in that they are realised in a cost effective way, they are entered into for one or more of the following specific aims: reduction of the relevant risks (whether in the price of investments, interest rates or exchange rates) or to the reduction of the relevant costs and/or to the generation of additional capital or income with a risk level which is consistent with the risk profile of the scheme and the risk diversification rules in COLL. The exposure must be fully "covered" by cash and/or other property sufficient to meet any obligation to pay or deliver that could arise. The use of derivatives for EPM should not lead to an increase in risk to the Fund.

10.2 Permitted transactions are those that the Fund reasonably regards as economically appropriate to EPM, that is:

10.2.1 Transactions undertaken to reduce risk or cost in terms of fluctuations in prices, interest rates or exchange rates where the ACD reasonably believes that the transaction will diminish a risk or cost of a kind or level which it is sensible to reduce; or

10.2.2 Transactions for the generation of additional capital growth or income for the Fund by taking advantage of gains which the ACD reasonably believes are certain to be made (or certain, barring events which are not reasonably foreseeable) as a result of:

10.2.2.1 pricing imperfections in the market as regards the property which the Fund holds or may hold; or

10.2.2.2 receiving a premium for the writing of a covered call option or a covered put option on property of the Fund which the Fund is willing to buy or sell at the exercise price, or

10.2.2.3 Stock lending arrangements.

A permitted arrangement in this context may at any time be closed out.

10.3 Transactions may take the form of “derivatives transactions” (that is, transactions in options, futures or contracts for differences) or forward currency transactions. A derivatives transaction must either be in a derivative which is traded or dealt in on an eligible derivatives market (and effected in accordance with the rules of that market), or be an off-exchange derivative which complies with the relevant conditions set out in the FCA Handbook, or be a “synthetic future” (i.e. a composite derivative created out of two separate options). Forward currency transactions must be entered into with counterparties who satisfy the FCA Handbook. A permitted transaction may at any time be closed out.

10.4 Any income or capital generated by efficient portfolio management techniques will be paid to the Fund net of direct or indirect operational costs.

11 Derivatives: general

11.1 A transaction in derivatives or a forward transaction must not be effected for a Fund unless the transaction is of a kind specified in paragraph 12 (Permitted transactions (derivatives and forwards)) below, and the transaction is covered, as required by paragraph 22 (Cover for investment in derivatives) of this Appendix.

11.2 Where a Fund invests in derivatives, the exposure to the underlying assets must not exceed the limits set out in the COLL Sourcebook in relation to spread (COLL 5.2.11R Spread: general, COLL 5.2.12R Spread: government and public securities) except for index based derivatives where the rules below apply.

11.3 Where a transferable security or approved money market instrument embeds a derivative, this must be taken into account for the purposes of complying with this paragraph.

- 11.4 A transferable security or an approved money-market instrument will embed a derivative if it contains a component which fulfils the following criteria:
- (a) by virtue of that component some or all of the cash flows that otherwise would be required by the transferable security or approved money-market instrument which functions as host contract can be modified according to a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable, and therefore vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative;
 - (b) its economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract; and
 - (c) it has a significant impact on the risk profile and pricing of the transferable security or approved money-market instrument.
- 11.5 A transferable security or an approved money-market instrument does not embed a derivative where it contains a component which is contractually transferable independently of the transferable security or the approved money-market instrument. That component shall be deemed to be a separate instrument.
- 11.6 Where a Fund invests in an index based derivative, provided the relevant index falls within COLL 5.2.33R (Relevant Indices) the underlying constituents of the index do not have to be taken into account for the purposes of COLL 5.2.11R and COLL 5.2.12R.
- 11.7 In the context of this Prospectus, "**efficient portfolio management**" means the use of derivatives (which are reasonably regarded by the ACD as economically appropriate and are fully covered) in order to achieve a reduction in certain relevant risks, a reduction of costs, or to generate additional capital or income for the Funds with no, or an acceptably low level of risk.

12. **Permitted transactions (derivatives and forwards)**

- 12.1 A transaction in a derivative must be:
- 12.1.1 in an approved derivative; or
 - 12.1.2 be one which complies with paragraph 16 (OTC transactions in derivatives) of this Appendix.
- 12.2 A transaction in a derivative must have the underlying consisting of any one or more of the following to which the scheme is dedicated: transferable securities, approved money market instruments permitted under paragraph 9 (Investment in approved money market instruments), deposits, permitted derivatives under this paragraph, collective investment scheme units or shares permitted under paragraph 7 (Investment in collective investment schemes), financial indices which satisfy the criteria set out in COLL 5.2.20, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and currencies.

- 12.3 A transaction in an approved derivative must be effected on or under the rules of an eligible derivatives market.
- 12.4 A transaction in a derivative must not cause a Fund to diverge from its investment objectives as stated in the Instrument constituting the scheme and the most recently published version of this Prospectus.
- 12.5 A transaction in a derivative must not be entered into if the intended effect is to create the potential for an uncovered sale of one or more, transferable securities, money market instruments, units or shares in collective investment schemes, or derivatives.
- 12.6 Any forward transaction must be with an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank.

13. **Financial indices underlying derivatives**

- 13.1 The financial indices referred to in paragraph 13.2 are those which satisfy the following criteria:
- (a) the index is sufficiently diversified;
 - (b) the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers; and
 - (c) the index is published in an appropriate manner.
- 13.2 A financial index is sufficiently diversified if:
- (a) it is composed in such a way that price movements or trading activities regarding one component do not unduly influence the performance of the whole index;
 - (b) where it is composed of assets in which a Fund is permitted to invest, its composition is at least diversified in accordance with the requirements with respect to spread and concentration set out in this paragraph; and
 - (c) where it is composed of assets in which a Fund cannot invest, it is diversified in a way which is equivalent to the diversification achieved by the requirements with respect to spread and concentration set out in this paragraph.
- 13.3 A financial index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers if:
- (a) it measures the performance of a representative group of underlyings in a relevant and appropriate way;
 - (b) it is revised or rebalanced periodically to ensure that it continues to reflect the markets to which it refers, following criteria which are publicly available; and
 - (c) the underlyings are sufficiently liquid, allowing users to replicate it if necessary.

- 13.4 A financial index is published in an appropriate manner if:
- (a) its publication process relies on sound procedures to collect prices, and calculate and subsequently publish the index value, including pricing procedures for components where a market price is not available; and
 - (b) material information on matters such as index calculation, rebalancing methodologies, index changes or any operational difficulties in providing timely or accurate information is provided on a wide and timely basis.

13.5 Where the composition of underlyings of a transaction in a derivative does not satisfy the requirements for a financial index, the underlyings for that transaction shall where they satisfy the requirements with respect to other underlyings pursuant to paragraph 12.2, be regarded as a combination of those underlyings.

14. **Transactions for the purchase of property**

14.1 A derivative or forward transaction which will or could lead to the delivery of property for the account of the Company may be entered into only if that property can be held for the account of the Company, and the ACD having taken reasonable care determines that delivery of the property under the transaction will not occur or will not lead to a breach of the rules in the COLL Sourcebook.

15. **Requirement to cover sales**

15.1 No agreement by or on behalf of the Company to dispose of property or rights may be made unless the obligation to make the disposal and any other similar obligation could immediately be honoured by the Company by delivery of property or the assignment (or, in Scotland, assignation) of rights, and the property and rights above are owned by the Company at the time of the agreement. This requirement does not apply to a deposit.

16. **OTC transactions in derivatives**

16.1 Any transaction in an OTC derivative under paragraph 12.1.2 must be:

- 16.1.1 in a future or an option or a contract for differences;
- 16.1.2 with an approved counterparty; a counterparty to a transaction in derivatives is approved only if the counterparty is an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank; or a person whose permission (including any requirements or limitations), as published in the FCA Register or whose Home State authorisation, permits it to enter into the transaction as principal off-exchange;
- 16.1.3 on approved terms; the terms of the transaction in derivatives are approved only if the ACD carries out at least daily a reliable and verifiable valuation in respect of that transaction corresponding to its fair value and

which does not rely only on market quotations by the counterparty; and the ACD can enter into one or more further transactions to sell, liquidate or close out that transaction at any time, at its fair value; and

- 16.1.4 capable of reliable valuation; a transaction in derivatives is capable of reliable valuation only if the ACD having taken reasonable care determines that, throughout the life of the derivative (if the transaction is entered into), it will be able to value the investment concerned with reasonable accuracy:
 - 16.1.4.1 on the basis of an up-to-date market value which the ACD and the Depositary have agreed is reliable; or
 - 16.1.4.2 if the value referred to in paragraph 16.1.4.1 is not available, on the basis of a pricing model which the ACD and the Depositary have agreed uses an adequate recognised methodology; and
- 16.1.5 subject to verifiable valuation: a transaction in derivatives is subject to verifiable valuation only if, throughout the life of the derivative (if the transaction is entered into) verification of the valuation is carried out by:
 - 16.1.5.1 an appropriate third party which is independent from the counterparty of the derivative at an adequate frequency and in such a way that the ACD is able to check it; or
 - 16.1.5.2 a department within the ACD which is independent from the department in charge of managing the Fund and which is adequately equipped for such a purpose.

For the purposes of 15.1.3 above, "**fair value**" is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

17. Valuation of OTC derivatives

- 17.1 For the purposes of paragraph 16.1.3, the ACD must:
 - 17.1.1 establish, implement and maintain arrangements and procedures which ensure appropriate, transparent and fair valuation of the exposures of a Fund to OTC derivatives; and
 - 17.1.2 ensure that the fair value of OTC derivatives is subject to adequate, accurate and independent assessment.
- 17.2 Where the arrangements and procedures referred to in paragraph 16.1 involve the performance of certain activities by third parties, the ACD must comply with the requirements in SYSC 8.1.13 R (Additional requirements for a management company) and COLL 6.6A.4 R (4) to (6) (Due diligence requirements of AFMs of

UCITS schemes).

17.3 The arrangements and procedures referred to in paragraph 16.1 above must be

17.3.1 adequate and proportionate to the nature and complexity of the OTC derivative concerned; and

17.3.2 adequately documented.

18. **Risk management**

18.1 The ACD uses a risk management process (including a risk management policy in accordance with COLL 6.12), enabling it to monitor and measure at any time the risk of a Fund's positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the Fund.

18.2 Before using the process, the ACD will notify the FCA of the details of the risk management process. The following details of the risk management process must be regularly notified to the FCA and at least on an annual basis:

18.2.1 a true and fair view of the types of derivatives and forward transactions to be used within a Fund together with their underlying risks and any relevant quantitative limits; and

18.2.2 the methods for estimating risks in derivative and forward transactions.

18.3 The ACD must notify the FCA in advance of any material alteration to the details above.

19. **Investments in deposits**

19.1 The Fund may invest in deposits only with an Approved Bank and which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months.

20. **Stock lending**

20.1 The entry into stock lending or repo transactions for the account of the Fund is permitted for the generation of additional income for the benefit of the Fund, and hence for its investors.

20.2 The specific method of stock lending permitted in this paragraph is in fact not a transaction which is a loan in the normal sense. Rather it is an arrangement of the kind described in section 263B of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, under which the lender transfers securities to the borrower otherwise than by way of sale and the borrower is to transfer those securities, or securities of the same type and amount, back to the lender at a later date. In accordance with good market practice, a separate transaction by way of transfer of assets is also involved for the purpose of providing

collateral to the "lender" to cover him against the risk that the future transfer back of the securities may not be satisfactorily completed.

20.3 The stock lending permitted by this paragraph may be exercised by the Fund when it reasonably appears to the Fund to be appropriate to do so with a view to generating additional income for the Fund with an acceptable degree of risk.

20.4 The Company or the Depositary at the request of Company may enter into a stock lending arrangement of the kind described in section 263B of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 (without extension by section 263C), but only if:

20.4.1 all the terms of the agreement under which securities are to be reacquired by the Depositary for the account of the Fund, are in a form which is acceptable to the Depositary and are in accordance with good market practice;

20.4.2 the counterparty is:

20.4.2.1 an authorised person; or

20.4.2.2 a person authorised by a Home State regulator; or

20.4.2.3 a person registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission of the United States of America; or

20.4.2.4 a bank, or a branch of a bank, supervised and authorised to deal in investments as principal, with respect to OTC derivatives by at least one of the following federal banking supervisory authorities of the United States of America:

(a) the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency;

(b) the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation;

(c) the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;
and

(d) the Office of Thrift Supervision, and

20.4.3 collateral is obtained to secure the obligation of the counterparty under the terms referred to in paragraph 20.4.1 and the collateral is:

20.4.3.1 acceptable to the depositary;

20.4.3.2 adequate; and

20.4.3.3 sufficiently immediate.

- 20.4.4 The counterparty for the purpose of paragraph 20.4 is the person who is obliged under the agreement referred to in paragraph 20.4.1 to transfer to the depositary the securities transferred by the depositary under the stock lending arrangement or securities of the same kind.
- 20.4.5 20.4.3 does not apply to a stock lending transaction made through Euroclear Bank SA/NV's Securities Lending and Borrowing Programme.
- 20.5 The Depositary must ensure that the value of the collateral at all times is at least equal to the value of the securities transferred by the Depositary. This duty may be regarded as satisfied in respect of collateral the validity of which is about to expire or has expired where the Depositary takes reasonable care to determine that sufficient collateral will again be transferred at the latest by the close of business on the day of expiry.
- 20.6 Any agreement for transfer at a future date of securities or of collateral (or of the equivalent of either) may be regarded, for the purposes of valuation under the COLL Sourcebook, as an unconditional agreement for the sale or transfer of property, whether or not the property is part of the property of the Fund.
- 20.7 There is no limit on the value of the Scheme Property of a Fund which maybe the subject of stock lending transactions.
- 20.8 The ACD shall ensure that it is able at any time to recall any security that has been lent out or terminate any securities lending agreement it has entered into.

21. **Schemes replicating an index**

- 21.1 A Fund may invest up to 20% in value of the Scheme Property in shares and debentures which are issued by the same body where the stated investment policy is to replicate the composition of a relevant index as defined below.
- 21.2 The 20% limit can be raised for a particular Fund up to 35% in value of the Scheme Property, but only in respect of one body and where justified by exceptional market conditions.
- 21.3 In the case of a Fund replicating an index the Scheme Property of a Fund need not consist of the exact composition and weighting of the underlying in the relevant index where deviation from this is expedient for reasons of poor liquidity or excessive cost to the scheme in trading in an underlying investment.
- 21.4 The indices referred to above are those which satisfy the following criteria:
- 21.4.1 the composition is sufficiently diversified;
 - 21.4.2 the index is a representative benchmark for the market to which it refers;
and
 - 21.4.3 the index is published in an appropriate manner.

22. **Cover for investment in derivatives**

22.1 A Fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions as part of its investment policy provided:

22.1.1 its global exposure relating to derivatives and forward transactions held in the Fund does not exceed the net value of the scheme property; and

22.1.2 its global exposure to the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limits laid down in paragraph 5 above (Spread: general).

23. **Daily calculation of global exposure**

23.1 The ACD must calculate the global exposure of a Fund on at least a daily basis.

23.2 For the purposes of this section exposure must be calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, future market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions.

24. **Calculation of global exposure**

24.1 The ACD must calculate the global exposure of any Fund it manages either as:

24.1.1 the incremental exposure and leverage generated through the use of derivatives and forward transactions (including embedded derivatives as referred to in paragraph 11 (Derivatives: general), which may not exceed 100% of the net value of the Scheme Property; or

24.1.2 the market risk of the Scheme Property.

24.2 The ACD must calculate the global exposure of a Fund by using:

24.2.1 the commitment approach; or

24.2.2 the value at risk approach.

The ACD currently uses the commitment method to calculate global exposure.

24.3 The ACD must ensure that the method selected in paragraph 24.2 is appropriate, taking into account:

24.3.1 the investment strategy pursued by the Fund;

24.3.2 the types and complexities of the derivatives and forward transactions used; and

24.3.3 the proportion of the Scheme Property comprising derivatives and forward transactions.

- 24.4 Where a Fund employs techniques and instruments including repo contracts or stock lending transactions in accordance with paragraph 20 (Stock lending) in order to generate additional leverage or exposure to market risk, the ACD must take those transactions into consideration when calculating global exposure.
- 24.5 For the purposes of paragraph 24.2.2, value at risk means a measure of the maximum expected loss at a given confidence level over the specific time period.
- 24.6 Where the ACD uses the commitment approach for the calculation of global exposure, it must:
- 24.6.1 ensure that it applies this approach to all derivative and forward transactions (including embedded derivatives as referred to in paragraph 11 (Derivatives: general)), whether used as part of the Fund's general investment policy, for the purposes of risk reduction or for the purposes of efficient portfolio management in accordance with paragraph 20 (Stock lending); and
 - 24.6.2 convert each derivative or forward transaction into the market value of an equivalent position in the underlying asset of that derivative or forward (standard commitment approach).
- 24.7 The ACD may apply other calculation methods which are equivalent to the standard commitment approach.
- 24.8 The ACD may take account of netting and hedging arrangements when calculating global exposure of a Fund, where these arrangements do not disregard obvious and material risks and result in a clear reduction in risk exposure.
- 24.9 Where the use of derivatives or forward transactions does not generate incremental exposure for the Fund, the underlying exposure need not be included in the commitment calculation.
- 24.10 Where the commitment approach is used, temporary borrowing arrangements entered into on behalf of the Fund in accordance with paragraph 29 (Borrowing powers) need not form part of the global exposure calculation.

25. **Cover and Borrowing**

- 25.1 Cash obtained from borrowing, and borrowing which the ACD reasonably regards an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank to be committed to provide, is available for cover under paragraph 22 of this Appendix as long as the normal limits on borrowing (see below) are observed.
- 25.2 Where, for the purposes of this paragraph the Company borrows an amount of currency from an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank; and keeps an amount in another currency, at least equal to such borrowing for the time on deposit with the lender (or his agent or nominee), then this applies as if the borrowed currency, and not the deposited currency, were part of the Scheme Property, and the normal limits on

borrowing under paragraph 29 (Borrowing powers) of this Appendix do not apply to that borrowing.

26. Cash and near cash

26.1 Cash and near cash must not be retained in the Scheme Property of a Fund except to the extent that, where this may reasonably be regarded as necessary in order to enable:

26.1.1 the pursuit of the Fund's investment objectives; or

26.1.2 the redemption of units or shares; or

26.1.3 efficient management of the Fund in accordance with its investment objective; or

26.1.4 other purposes which may reasonably be regarded as ancillary to the investment objective of the Fund.

26.2 During the period of the initial offer the Scheme Property may consist of cash and near cash without limitation.

27. General

27.1 It is envisaged that the Funds will normally be fully invested but there may be times that it is appropriate not to be fully invested when the ACD reasonably regards this as necessary in order to enable the redemption of units or shares, efficient management of the Fund or any one purpose which may reasonably be regarded as ancillary to the investment objective of the Fund.

27.2 Where a Fund invests in or disposes of units or shares in another collective investment scheme which is managed or operated by the ACD or an associate of the ACD, the ACD must pay to the Fund by the close of business on the fourth business day the amount of any preliminary charge in respect of a purchase, and in the case of a sale, any charge made for the disposal.

27.3 A potential breach of any of these limits does not prevent the exercise of rights conferred by investments held by the Fund but, in the event of a consequent breach, the ACD must then take such steps as are necessary to restore compliance with the investment limits as soon as practicable having regard to the interests of Shareholders.

27.4 It is not intended that the Company have any interest in any immovable or movable property for the direct pursuit of its business.

28. **Underwriting**

Underwriting and sub underwriting contracts and placings may also, subject to certain conditions set out in the COLL Sourcebook, be entered into for the account of the Company.

29. **Borrowing powers**

29.1 The Fund may borrow money from an Eligible Institution or an Approved Bank for the use of the Fund on terms that the borrowing is to be repayable out of the Scheme Property.

29.2 Borrowing must be on a temporary basis, must not be persistent, and in any event must not exceed three months without prior consent of the Depositary, which may be given only on such conditions as appear appropriate to the Depositary to ensure that the borrowing does not cease to be on a temporary basis.

29.3 The ACD must ensure that borrowing does not, on any business day, exceed 10% of the value of the Fund.

29.4 These borrowing restrictions do not apply to "back to back" borrowing for currency hedging purposes (i.e. borrowing permitted in order to reduce or eliminate risk arising by reason of fluctuations in exchange rates).

30. **Restrictions on lending of property other than money**

30.1 Scheme Property other than money must not be lent by way of deposit or otherwise.

30.2 Transactions permitted by paragraph 20 (Stock lending) are not to be regarded as lending for the purposes of paragraph 30.1.

30.3 Nothing in this paragraph prevents the Depositary at the request of the ACD from lending, depositing, pledging or charging Scheme Property for margin requirements where transactions in derivatives or forward transactions are used for the account of the Company in accordance with COLL 5.

31. **Restrictions on lending of money**

31.1 None of the money in the Scheme Property may be lent and, for the purposes of this paragraph, money is lent by the Fund if it is paid to a person ("**the payee**") on the basis that it should be repaid, whether or not by the payee.

31.2 Acquiring a debenture is not lending for the purposes of paragraph 31.1, nor is the placing of money on deposit or in a current account.

32. **Guarantees and indemnities**

32.1 The Fund or the Depositary, for the account of a Fund, must not provide any guarantee or indemnity in respect of the obligation of any person.

- 32.2 Scheme Property may not be used to discharge any obligation arising under a guarantee or indemnity with respect to the obligation of any person.
- 32.3 Paragraphs 32.1 and 32.2 do not apply in respect of the Fund to:
- 32.3.1 any indemnity or guarantee given for margin requirements where derivatives or forward transactions where the derivatives or forward transactions are being used in accordance with the FCA Rules;
 - 32.3.2 an indemnity falling within the provisions of regulation 62(3) of the OEIC Regulations;
 - 32.3.3 an indemnity not falling under paragraph 32.3.2 given to the Depositary against any liability incurred by it as a consequence of safekeeping of any of the Scheme Property by it or by anyone retained by it to assist it to perform its function of the safekeeping of the Scheme Property; and
 - 32.3.4 an indemnity given to a person winding up a scheme if the indemnity is given for the purposes of arrangements by which the whole or part of the property of that scheme becomes the first property of the Fund and the holders of units in the scheme become the first Shareholders in the Fund.

33. **Concentration**

A UK UCITS:

- 33.1 must not acquire transferable securities other than debt securities which:
- 33.1.1 do not carry a right to vote on any matter at a general meeting of the body corporate that issued them; and
 - 33.1.2 represent more than 10% of these securities issued by that body corporate;
- 33.2 must not acquire more than 10% of the debt securities issued by any single issuing body;
- 33.3 must not acquire more than 25% of the units or shares in a collective investment scheme;
- 33.4 must not acquire more than 10% of the money market instruments issued by any single body;
- 33.5 need not comply with the limits in paragraphs 33.2, 33.3 and 33.4 and of this Appendix if, at the time of the acquisition, the net amount in issue of the relevant investment cannot be calculated.

34. **Significant Influence**

34.1 The Company must not acquire transferable securities issued by a body corporate and carrying rights to vote (whether or not on substantially all matters) at a general meeting of that body corporate if:

34.1.1 immediately before the acquisition, the aggregate of any such securities held by the Company gives that Company power significantly to influence the conduct of business of that body corporate; or

34.1.2 the acquisition gives the Company that power.

34.2 For the purposes of paragraph 33.1, the Company is to be taken to have power significantly to influence the conduct of business of a body corporate if it can, because of the transferable securities held by it, exercise or control the exercise of 20% or more of the voting rights in that body corporate (disregarding for this purpose any temporary suspension of voting rights in respect of the transferable securities of that body corporate).

APPENDIX V

LIST OF OTHER AUTHORISED COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES OPERATED BY THE ACD

The ACD is also the authorised corporate director or authorised fund manager of the following open-ended investment companies:

FP Apollo Multi Asset Management ICVC

FP Carmignac ICVC

FP Foresight OEIC

FP Frontier ICVC

FP Mattioli Woods Funds ICVC

FP Octopus Investment Funds

FP Octopus Investments UCITS Funds

FP Pictet

FP Rayliant Funds

FP Russell Investments ICVC

Volare UCITS Portfolios

The ACD is also the authorised fund manager of the following authorised contractual scheme:

FP Brunel Pension Partnership ACS

APPENDIX VI

PAST PERFORMANCE TABLES FOR EACH FUND AND INVESTOR PROFILE

1. Historic performance table

Below we have shown the historical performance, for the period to 31 December 2021. Where possible, we have shown the performance over the last 5 years, for each complete year. Past performance is shown in sterling (net of taxes and charges), inclusive of reinvested income but excluding entry or exit charges.

FP WHEB Sustainability Fund

| Class | Percentage Growth year to 31 December 2016 | Percentage Growth year to 31 December 2017 | Percentage Growth year to 31 December 2018 | Percentage Growth year to 31 December 2019 | Percentage Growth year to 31 December 2020 | Percentage Growth year to 31 December 2021 |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| *A Acc (GBP) | 18.7% | 15.3% | -6.6% | 20.2% | 19.2% | 14.7% |
| **B Acc (GBP) | 20.0% | 16.6% | -5.5% | 21.6% | 20.6% | 16.1% |
| ***C Acc (GBP) | 19.4% | 16.1% | -6.0% | 21.0% | 20.0% | 15.5% |
| ****C Inc (GBP) | 19.4% | 16.0% | -6.0% | 20.9% | 20.0% | 15.5% |

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| *****C Acc (EUR) | N/A | N/A | -7.0% | 27.6% | 13.4% | 23.7% |
| *****C Acc (CHF) | N/A | N/A | -10.4% | 23.0% | 13.0% | 18.2% |
| *****A Acc (USD) | N/A | N/A | N/A | 24.3% | 23.2% | 13.3% |
| *****C Acc (USD) | N/A | N/A | N/A | 25.1% | 24.0% | 14.0% |
| MSCI World Index (GBP) | 28.24% | 11.80% | -3.04% | 22.74% | 12.30% | 22.9% |
| IA Global Sector (GBP) | 23.9% | 13.9% | -5.7% | 22.01% | 14.8% | 17.6% |

* Launch Date: 26 May 2009

** Launch Date: 20 October 2014

*** Launch Date: 3 September 2012

**** Launch Date: 6 January 2014

***** Launch Date: 18 December 2017

***** Launch Date: 12 October 2018

Source: Morningstar Direct.

Past performance is no guarantee of future performance.

These figures are presented as a matter of record and should be regarded as such.

2. **Investor profile**

In accordance with the FCA Handbook, this Prospectus sets out below a description of the profile of the typical investor for whom the Fund has been designed. Please note however that this description is not the ACD's assessment of the target market for the Fund for the purposes of the EU's Product Governance regime which may be obtained separately by distributors and other intermediaries from the ACD.

The Fund is marketable to both retail and institutional investors but given the specialised nature of the Fund it is only suitable for investors who can invest in the medium to long term and who are prepared to have a medium to high risk investment in their portfolio. The Fund is suitable for investors who appreciate that given its specialist nature the Fund may deviate significantly from the index it is benchmarked against and that global equities can deliver negative as well as positive returns.

Investors and potential investors should note that neither the description of the typical investor profile as set out above nor any other information contained in this Prospectus constitutes investment advice and investors and potential investors should consult their own professional advisers concerning the acquisition, holding or disposal of any shares in the Fund. Neither the Company, the ACD nor the Investment Manager makes any statement or representation in relation to the suitability, appropriateness or otherwise of any transaction in shares in the Fund.

APPENDIX VII

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS IN BELGIUM

The offering of Shares has not been and will not be notified to the Belgian Financial Services and Markets Authority (Autoriteit voor Financiële Diensten en Markten/Autorité des Services et Marchés Financiers) nor has this Prospectus been, nor will it be, approved by the Financial Services and Markets Authority. The offering of Shares may be offered in Belgium only to professional investors, in reliance of article 5, §1 of the Law of August 3, 2012 on collective investment undertakings that satisfy the conditions of Directive 2009/65/EC and undertakings for investments in receivables (the "**Law of August 3, 2012**"), such investors acting for their own account and subject to them complying with the resale condition as set forth in that article 5, §1 of the Law of August 3, 2012.

APPENDIX VIII

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS IN SWITZERLAND

1. Representative

The representative in Switzerland is ACOLIN Fund Services AG, Leutschenbachstrasse 50, CH-8050 Zurich.

2. Paying agent

The paying agent in Switzerland is NPB Neue Privat Bank AG, Limmatquai 1 / am Bellevue, CH-8024 Zurich.

3. Location where the relevant documents may be obtained

The prospectus, Key Investor Information Document, the Instrument of Incorporation as well as the annual and semi-annual reports may be obtained free of charge from the representative.

4. Publications

Publications concerning the foreign collective investment scheme are made in Switzerland on the electronic platform www.fundpublications.com

Each time units are issued or redeemed, the issue and the redemption prices or the net asset value together with a reference stating "excluding commissions" must be published on the electronic platform www.fundpublications.com. Prices are published daily.

5. Payment of retrocessions and rebates

The fund management company and its agents do not pay any retrocessions to third parties as remuneration for offering activities in respect of fund units in or from Switzerland.

In the case of offering activities in or from Switzerland, the fund management company and its agents may, upon request, pay rebates agreed directly to investors. The purpose of rebates is to reduce the fees or costs incurred by the investor in question. Rebates are permitted provided that:

- they are paid from fees received by the fund management company and therefore do not represent an additional charge on the fund assets;
- they are granted on the basis of objective criteria;
- all investors who meet these objective criteria and demand rebates are also granted these within the same timeframe and to the same extent.

The objective criteria for the granting of rebates by the fund management company are as follows:

- the volume subscribed by the investor or the total volume they hold in the collective investment scheme or, where applicable, in the product range of the promoter;
- the amount of the fees generated by the investor;
- the investment behaviour shown by the investor (e.g. expected investment period);
- the investor's willingness to provide support in the launch phase of a collective investment scheme.

At the request of the investor, the fund management company must disclose the amounts of such rebates free of charge.

6. Place of performance and jurisdiction

In respect of the units offered in and from Switzerland, the place of performance and jurisdiction is the registered office of the representative.

APPENDIX IX

DIRECTORY

The Company and Head Office:

FP WHEB Asset Management Funds
Bastion House, 6th floor, 140 London Wall, London, EC2Y 5DN

Authorised Corporate Director:

FundRock Partners Limited
Bastion House, 6th floor, 140 London Wall, London, EC2Y 5DN

Depository:

Citibank UK Limited
Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 5LB

Investment Manager:

WHEB Asset Management LLP
7 Cavendish Square, London W1G 0PE

Custodian:

Citibank N.A, London Branch
Citigroup Centre, Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5LB

Fund Accountant:

Apex Fund Services (UK) Limited
6th Floor, 140 London Wall, London, EC2Y 5DN

Administrator and Registrar:

SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited
SS&C House, St Nicholas Lane, Basildon, Essex SS15 5FS

Auditor:

Deloitte LLP
Saltire Court, 20 Castle Terrace, Edinburgh EH1 2DB